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DEFENSE RESEARCH DIVISION

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Oil painting:

"Comrade Kim Il Sung working out the Ten-Point Programme of the Association for the Restoration of the Fatherland"

The Association for the Restoration of the Fatherland founded on the direct initiative of Comrade Kim Il Sung and under his guidance on May 5, 1936, was the first anti-Japanese united national front organization in our country.

The Association for the Restoration of the Fatherland and its Ten-Point Programme, an embodiment of Comrade Kim Il Sung's idea of *Juche*, gave a powerful impetus to the development of the revolutionary movement of our country as a whole and left immortal exploits in the development of the anti-Japanese united front movement in our country and the Korean revolution.

Great achievements made and experiences gained in the anti-Japanese united national front movement under the leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung during the anti-Japanese armed struggle, have been inherited and developed brilliantly under his guidance after the country's liberation and are now displaying greater vitality in socialist construction and the struggle for the independent unification of the fatherland.

TELEGRAMS

✦ Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, Premier of the D.P.R.K. Cabinet, received a telegram from Comrade **Oldrich Cernik** in reply to his telegram of greetings sent to the latter upon his appointment as Prime Minister of the Government of the Czechoslovak Socialist Republic.

✦ Premier **Kim Il Sung** of the D.P.R.K. Cabinet sent on May 2 a telegram to **Houari Boumedienne**, Chairman of the National Revolutionary Council of Algeria and Prime Minister of the Cabinet of the Algerian Democratic and People's Republic, in connection with his safe escape from a danger in the incident of attempted assassination plotted by the imperialists and their lackeys.

✦ Comrade **Choi Yong Kun**, President of the Presidium of the Supreme People's Assembly of the D.P.R.K., received a telegram from Comrade **Marian Spychalski** in reply to his telegram of greetings sent to the latter upon his election as President of the State Council of the Polish People's Republic.

✦ Comrade **Choi Yong Kun**, President of the Presidium of the Supreme People's Assembly of the D.P.R.K., received a telegram from **Georgi Traikov**, President of the Presidium of the National Assembly of the Bulgarian People's Republic, in reply to his telegram of greetings sent on the latter's 70th birthday.

We Wish Comrade KIM IL SUNG Who Enjoys High Respect of World People Greater Successes in His Guidance of Anti-imperialist Struggle and Good Health and Long Life

Mass Meetings Held in Various Countries to Celebrate the 56th Birthday of Comrade KIM IL SUNG

Recently mass meetings were held in many countries on the occasion of the 56th anniversary of the birth of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, peerless patriot, national hero, ever-victorious iron-willed genius-commander and one of the outstanding leaders of the international communist and working-class movements, who has led with confidence our revolution along the road to victory over the past 40-odd years, shouldering the destiny of the fatherland and the nation upon himself and personally breaking through all descriptions of ordeals since he began the revolutionary activities in his early years. The attendants of the meetings expressed boundless respect and reverence for him highly appraising his brilliant revolutionary activities and exploits.

CUBA

Telegrams of greetings, congratulatory messages and letters addressed to Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, were adopted at the meetings held in the "Libertad" Metal Works, the "Chollima Shipyard" and many other factories in Havana, capital of Cuba. The meetings were participated in by leading functionaries of the Party and public organizations of Cuba and many workers. Also invited to them was the D.P.R.K. Ambassador to Cuba Jang Jong Hwan.

At the rallies the speakers said they were very happy to celebrate together with Korean friends the 56th anniversary of the birth of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the Korean people, and highly appraised his revolutionary activities.

Referring to the anti-Japanese armed struggle organized and waged under the direct guidance of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the speakers stressed that this struggle was a glorious struggle for national independence and social emancipation of the Korean people.

The Korean people have scored tremendous successes in socialist construction after they repulsed the armed invasion by U.S. imperialism following the liberation, they pointed out and stressed that all this victory was possible only thanks to the wise leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the brilliant Leader.

They said: The whole Cuban workers are celebrating April 15, the red-letter day of all the Korean people, with a high zeal and joy. And they shouted loudly "Long live Comrade Kim Il Sung!"

BURMA

On April 11, a meeting of broad public circles was held in Burma. The D.P.R.K. Consul-General Ju Chang Jun was invited to it. The meeting adopted a joint telegram of greetings addressed to Comrade Kim Il Sung from the Burma-Korea Friendship Society and the Burmese Council for World Peace.

At the meeting U Aung Lwin, Chairman of the Burma-Korea Friendship Society, said: Premier Kim Il Sung was born in the revolutionary family. Mr. Kim Hyong Jik, father of Premier Kim Il Sung, as an indefatigable anti-Japanese patriotic fighter, founded the "Korean National Association" and conducted revolutionary activities on a wide scale. Mrs. Kang Ban Sok, mother of Premier Kim Il Sung, devoted the whole life to the revolution, as a wife of revolutionary, mother of revolutionary and ardent woman revolutionary. Dwelling on the glorious revolutionary path traversed by Premier Kim Il Sung, he wished Comrade Kim Il Sung good health and long life from the bottom of his heart.

Addressing the meeting, Dobuluja, Secretary of the Burmese Council for World Peace, said: As the history of the rev-

(Continued on Page 8)

REVOLUTIONARY FAMILY OF COMRADE KIM IL SUNG AND HIS REVOLUTIONARY ACTIVITIES IN HIS EARLY YEARS

Revolutionary Activities of Comrade KIM IL SUNG in His Early Years (4)

Comrade Kim Il Sung expanded and strengthened the Young Communist League organisations through which he organised and mobilised youth and students to an active struggle against the Chinese Kuomintang warlords and the Japanese imperialists, maintaining uniform leadership over mass organisations.

In the early days of Comrade Kim Il Sung's attendance at the Yuwen Middle School, the progressive forces gained the upper hand in the school, accordingly the management and operation of the school and the choice of subjects proceeded according to the democratic will of the teachers and students.

However, as the Young Communist League organisations played a bigger role under the leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, Leftist trends became pronounced among the students and in the long run those teachers from the Kuomintang Rightist faction smelled this fact and started repressing the activity of progressive teachers and students directly and indirectly under the manipulation of the municipal authorities of reactionary warlords.

They planted even secret agents among the students to keep a sharp watch on the trends of their thoughts, restrained even the slight democratic order which had been existing before and brought pressure to bear upon the principal and progressive teachers.

Such being the situation, Comrade Kim Il Sung made up his mind to make a showdown against their move by organising and mobilising all of the students.

Under the leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, all the students of the school eventually refused to attend lessons and lodged a strong protest with the school authorities, exposing the crimes of reactionary teachers and putting up a series of demands: to improve the treatment of students, ensure lessons on the subjects required by students and put no pressure on the principal, etc.

The students' struggle triumphed under the guidance of Comrade Kim Il Sung.

The first victory the students won in their struggle as an organised force gave them great inspiration and confidence.

Comrade Kim Il Sung powerfully organised and waged anti-Japanese student demonstrations against the laying of the Kirin-Hoiryong railway line and boycott struggle against Japanese goods, thereby dealing blows to the Japanese imperialists.

While stepping up their preparations in real earnest to launch aggression against Manchuria the Japanese imperialists undertook the project for laying the Kirin-Hoiryong line in 1928 as one of the important means for this purpose.

Taking advantage of this, Comrade Kim Il Sung roused to action the Young Communist League, "Anti-imperialist Youth League" "Ryugil Students' Society" and other mass organisations to stage an anti-Japanese demonstration involving all the students in Kirin.

Prior to the mass demonstration, Comrade Kim Il Sung sent out students' propaganda teams to the city. Laying bare the aggressive and rapacious aim pursued by the Japanese imperialists behind the Kirin-Hoiryong railway project, the propaganda teams appealed to the crowd to actively respond to the struggle of youth and students.

In the wake of such anti-Japanese propaganda campaign, all the students of the schools in the city, divided into respective columns, paraded through the streets, chanting the slogans: "Down with the Japanese aggressors!" and "We are against the Kirin-Hoiryong railway project!"

The demonstrators also scattered here and there handbills exposing the treacherous and perfidious crimes of the reactionary Kuomintang warlords.

The demonstration lasted from October to November that year. As the demonstration picked up further momentum, the masses joined it.

Reporting on the truth of student demonstrations at that time, Korean newspaper **Dong-a Ilbo** dated November 2, 1928 carried an article under the headline "Owing to the extension of the Kirin-Tunhwa line (meaning the laying of the Kirin-Hoiryong line), anti-Japanese feelings in Kirin have taken a turn for the worse, students continue to parade in columns every day, anti-Japanese sentiments in Tientsin, too, get serious for several days running."

As can be seen from this, the anti-Japanese struggle of the students in Kirin had actually reached a fierce stage.

Scared by this the reactionary Kuomintang warlords in league with the Japanese imperialists began cracking down on the demonstrators at the point of bayonets.

In view of this situation Comrade Kim Il Sung got the Young Communist League and other mass organisations on the move and organised and mobilised the students to a more active struggle.

The Young Communist League under the guidance of Comrade Kim Il Sung organised many students' pickets to battle with the armed police everywhere in the city of Kirin.

The students' pickets equipped with clubs resisted the policemen by force, overpowering them. Seizing this chance, the demonstrators raided Japanese stores in Kirin, brought out goods and threw them into the Sunga River.

The anti-Japanese demonstration of the students in Kirin received support and response from citizens at large and this struggle spread far and wide, involving a good many towns in China.

The students not only in towns around Kirin but in far-off Harbin and Tientsin rose up, responding to the struggle of the students in Kirin opposing the projected Kirin-Hoiryong railway and boycotting Japanese goods.

An aspect of this struggle can be found in a report of the **Dong-a Ilbo** dated November 13, 1928 entitled "The opposition of the Harbin students organisation to the Kirin-Hoiryong line surges high, clash with the police force on the 9th, 148 injured."

The demonstration of the students in Kirin went on under such hard conditions. But it won a great victory, inflicting heavy blows upon the Japanese imperialists and the treacherous reactionary warlords. This was possible only thanks to the outstanding leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung who put up urgent slogans correctly reflecting the then obtaining subjective and objective situation and the anti-Japanese feelings of the masses, conducted previsional propaganda campaign in advance for the mobilisation of the masses and adhered to principle and applied inflexible tactics in organising the overall struggle.

The anti-Japanese demonstration of the students in Kirin rendered it possible to further enhance the role of the Young Communist League, "Anti-imperialist Youth League" and other mass organisations and train and test their membership through practical struggle with the resultant further reinforcement of the organisations. At the same time, this struggle instilled in youth and students confidence in victory and gave them important experience and lessons that to win victory in struggle correct slogans should be put up and all the anti-Japanese forces be united to fight in an organized way.

The above-mentioned vigorous revolutionary activity of Comrade Kim Il Sung among the students since he moved the theatre of activity to Kirin was not conducted under the guidance of any pioneer or any senior revolutionary.

On the contrary it was the independent activity of Comrade Kim Il Sung as an outstanding young revolutionary at the age of 17 who carried on his activities on his own initiative strictly on the basis of Marxism-Leninism, in defiance of the overt and covert repression and influences of the nationalists.

Comrade Kim Il Sung organising and leading youth and students to stage an anti-Japanese demonstration

Line of Anti-Japanese United National Front Elucidated by Comrade KIM IL SUNG during Anti-Japanese Armed Struggle and Its Great Vitality

On the Occasion of 32nd Anniversary of Founding of Association for Restoration of Fatherland

Today our people significantly observe the 32nd anniversary of the founding of the Association for the Restoration of the Fatherland, which holds a brilliant place in the history of the anti-Japanese national-liberation struggle of our country and the Korean communist movement.

The Association for the Restoration of the Fatherland was founded on May 5, 1936 on the direct initiative of Comrade Kim Il Sung and under his guidance. It was the first anti-Japanese united national front body in our country and, at the same time, a revolutionary political organisation under his personal leadership.

It had been raised as an urgent historic task from long ago to solve the question of forming an anti-Japanese united national front in the anti-Japanese national-liberation movement of our country.

The general situation of our country where the Japanese imperialists' fascist suppression and plunder of the Korean people had reached the highest pitch and the national and class contradictions worsened still further late in the 1920's and early in the 1930's posed it a more urgent demand to find correct solution to the question of anti-Japanese united national front.

This objective requirement of the development of the Korean revolution was met with credit by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader who set out on the path of revolution in his early years, taking upon himself the destiny of the country and the nation, had been seasoned and had acquired rich experiences through a rigorous struggle and trials and was firmly armed with the revolutionary theory of Marxism-Leninism.

From the early days of his revolutionary activity, Comrade Kim Il Sung tackled all problems arising in the Korean revolution independently and originally proceeding from the unswerving stand of *Juche* that the Korean revolution should be carried out by the Korean people on their own and, firmly grasping the united front movement for the national unity of the Korean people as one of the central problems of the Korean revolution, waged an energetic struggle for its materialisation.

Already in the early period of his revolutionary activity, Comrade Kim Il Sung set forth the line of anti-Japanese united national front on the basis of the scientific analysis and review of the colonial and semi-feudal socio-economic relations and class relations in our country and the historic experiences and lessons in our revolutionary movement in the preceding period.

The line of anti-Japanese united national front laid down and carried through by Comrade Kim Il Sung represented a brilliant embodiment of his great revolutionary idea, idea of *Juche*.

Comrade Kim Il Sung not only put forth the original line of anti-imperialist united national front but also concretely indicated scientific ways and means for its implementation.

Comrade Kim Il Sung called for forming a permanent body of anti-Japanese united national front, while drawing, to begin with, broad segments of patriotic people into various forms of anti-Japanese patriotic organisations and systematising these organisations under the uniform leadership of the Communists for further expanding and developing the united front movement in our country.

He considered that such anti-Japanese united national front body should take an organisational form with unitary programme and rules and with its own independent system of organisational leadership based on democratic centralism.

It was a most rational form of united front organisation defined on the basis of a scientific assessment of the then conditions under which not a class, let alone the working class, had its political Party or an anti-Japanese organisation having a nation-wide organisational system and, accordingly, the united front could not take the form of a joint front of political parties and organisations.

It was also a creative and original form of organisation for guaranteeing the successful development of the anti-Japanese united national front movement by rallying the masses of broad strata around the Communists headed by Comrade Kim Il Sung and reliably ensuring the bond between the working class and its allies.

Such organisational form made it possible to increase the revolutionary influence of the Communists and wage the united front movement in direct combination with the preparations for founding a Party by enabling the Communists to keep in direct contact with all the anti-Japanese masses in one and the same organisation under the conditions at that time.

In achieving the united front, Comrade Kim Il Sung laid main stress on strengthening the united front with the lower strata, while attaching great importance to the united front with the top circles that controlled the masses of the lower strata organisationally.

In the united front with the circles having dual character in the anti-Japanese struggle, Comrade Kim Il Sung put forth the line on maintaining the principle of achieving unity through struggle by supporting, encouraging and developing their anti-Japanese aspects while fighting their compromising aspects and on gradually developing a joint struggle of lower form to the joint struggle of higher form and developing a partial union to an overall union.

At the same time, Comrade Kim Il Sung directed serious attention to the question of skilfully combining the illegal struggle with the legal one.

Proceeding from the peculiarities of the development of the Korean revolution, Comrade Kim Il Sung advanced the line of closely combining the united front movement with the anti-Japanese armed struggle and preparations for founding the Party.

Comrade Kim Il Sung set forth and thoroughly implemented the original line which no one had ever practised, the line of expanding and developing the anti-Japanese armed struggle, the main form of the anti-Japanese national-liberation struggle in our country, and, through it, promoting the preparations for founding the Party and the work of forming a united front simultaneously, and thus successfully solved difficult and complex questions arising in the Korean revolution.

Comrade Kim Il Sung also put forth a correct line of achieving an anti-imperialist united front with the Communists and peoples of the neighbouring countries in the struggle against Japanese imperialism, the common enemy.

Indeed, the line of *Juche* set forth by Comrade Kim Il Sung on the anti-Japanese united national front made it possible to achieve the anti-Japanese united national front for the first time in the history of our country and led the anti-Japanese national-liberation struggle of the Korean people to a great victory.

With the implementation of the line of the anti-Japanese united national front set forth by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the main force of revolution was firmly built up, which could achieve a united front with the anti-Japanese forces of all strata and expand and develop it on a nation-wide scale.

Along with this, *Juche* was firmly established in the Korean revolution through the principled struggle of Comrade Kim Il Sung against the flunkeyists towards the great powers and factionalists, who had done great harm to our revolution and the exclusionist tendencies of the great-power chauvinists.

This was of decisive importance in the development of the revolutionary movement of the Korean people as a whole and the formation of the anti-Japanese united national front.

The formation of the Association for the Restoration of the Fatherland by Comrade Kim Il Sung was a brilliant victory of his idea of *Juche* and a precious fruition of the independent, revolutionary line of the anti-Japanese united national front consistently upheld by him from the early period of his revolutionary activities.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the outstanding Leader of the Korean revolution and the great Leader of the Korean people, was elected Chairman of the Association for the Restoration of the Fatherland.

With the founding of the Association for the Restoration of the Fatherland, the long-cherished desire of our nation to firmly rally its forces against the foreign imperialist aggressors was brilliantly materialised at last and the anti-Japanese united national front movement in our country developed onto a new, high stage.

The founding of the Association for the Restoration of the Fatherland rejected flatly the slander and mockery by those who said that the failure to achieve national unity was national characteristics inherent in the Korean people and, at the same time, dealt a heavy blow to the counter-revolutionary machinations of the Right and "Left" opportunists to hamper the independent development of the Korean revolution.

The Programme of the Association for the Restoration of the Fatherland worked out personally by Comrade Kim Il Sung was a scientific and theoretical formulation of his revolutionary lines on the basis of a wealth of experiences of struggle in the first half of the 1930's and was the first great Marxist-Leninist revolutionary programme in the history of our country.

The creativeness of the great Ten-Point Programme lay in the fact that it was a programme of the united front, and, at the same time, it reflected in an all-round way the tasks and demands conforming to the stage of the anti-imperialist, anti-feudal democratic revolution as a whole.

The Programme set it as the most fundamental political task of the Korean people to "overthrow the rule of brigandish Japanese imperialism" and establish the "people's government," and put it forth as major ways for the fulfilment of this task to "achieve a broad anti-Japanese united national front by general mobilization of the Korean nation" and "organize a revolutionary army which fights truly for Korea's independence."

Also clarified in the Programme were the tasks of transforming the socio-economic system, building an independent national economy by developing national industry, agriculture and trade, and promoting democratic education and national culture, as well as the principled stand the Korean Communists should adhere to in international relations.

The Programme of the Association was a revolutionary programme in which the class principle and flexibility were properly combined, with all force concentrated on opposing Japanese imperialism, the chief enemy, for the liberation of the nation, and the interests of the whole nation and those of the people of all strata were skilfully linked.

The Programme elucidated the clear perspect of the revolution in our country and methods of struggle and thus enabled all the patriotic people to have a definite goal in their anti-Japanese struggle.

As the Programme of the Association correctly reflected the historic aspirations of the Korean people towards attainment of the unity of the nation and their common interests it enlisted a nation-wide support and the patriotic people of all walks of life took an active part in the organizations of the Association. As a result, the networks of the organizations of the Association for the Restoration of the Fatherland expanded rapidly, embracing hundreds of thousands of anti-Japanese masses.

This made it possible to further expand and reinforce the internal forces of the Korean people on the one hand and on the other to further isolate the forces of Japanese imperialism and the reactionaries, thereby turning the alignment of force in favour of the revolution.

As Comrade Kim Il Sung pointed out, **"The Association for the Restoration of the Fatherland played a great rôle in explaining the object and task of our national-liberation struggle to the broad strata of the masses of people and mobilizing and rallying all the patriotic forces of Korea under the banner of the joint struggle for the liberation of the fatherland."**

The Association solved simultaneously the problems of fundamental significance in the development of the Korean revolution, such as the expansion and development of the anti-Japanese armed struggle and the preparations for the founding of the Party, under the wise leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung and thus brought about a great upsurge in the Korean revolution on a nation-wide scale.

Besides, the broad united front movement of the Korean people against Japanese imperialism successfully performed a pioneer's role on an international scale in the anti-imperialist united national front movement and the anti-imperialist united front movement. Indeed, the line of Comrade Kim Il Sung on the anti-imperialist united national front and the line of the anti-imperialist united front and the lofty exploits and experiences gained in the course of the struggle for their implementation have rendered a distinguished contribution to creatively developing the theories of Marxism-Leninism and enriching its treasure-house.

The line of anti-imperialist united national front put forth by Comrade Kim Il Sung displayed great vitality not only in the days of the anti-Japanese armed struggle but also after the country's liberation.

It was thanks to the glorious revolutionary traditions established in the period of the anti-Japanese armed struggle that our Party could set forth before the Korean people the correct line of struggle even under the complicated circumstances created after the liberation, rally broad masses of all social strata around the Party and the Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, and, by organising and mobilising them, establish the advanced socialist system and build a socialist power with a firm foundation of independent national economy and powerful modern defence potential.

Our Party, on the basis of the precious experiences of the united national front movement accumulated in the period of the anti-Japanese armed struggle, has thoroughly implemented the class line and mass line, thereby strengthening in every way the worker-peasant alliance under the leadership of the working class, and, on this basis, strengthening the political and ideological unity of the entire people and rallying firmly the broad masses of the people around the Party and the Leader by educating and remoulding them.

The patriotic people of all social strata in South Korea, boundlessly inspired by the great successes made in the northern half of the Republic, have waged a vigorous struggle against the U.S. imperialist aggressors and their stooges upholding the line of the unification of the fatherland set forth by Comrade Kim Il Sung and are now raising fiercely the flames of the anti-U.S., national-salvation struggle to bring earlier the day when they will live happily in the bosom of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people.

All the successes scored by our people in the past owe to the sagacious leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung and are the brilliant fruition of the great vitality of the united front line of our Party which has inherited and developed the traditions of the united front built up in the period of the anti-Japanese armed struggle. Indeed, apart from the sagacious and outstanding leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, peerless patriot, national hero and ever-victorious iron-willed genius-commander, who has led the Korean revolution for over 40 years, taking upon himself the destiny of the nation, we cannot think of the restoration of the fatherland, the founding of the Party and the people's power, the brilliant victory in revolution and construction and the happy life of today nor can we think of the future prosperity of the country and the final victory of our revolution.

Today our people are confronted with difficult and heavy tasks—to drive the U.S. imperialist aggressors, the sworn enemy of the Korean people, out of South Korea, realise the independent unification of the fatherland, the supreme national task of our people and achieve the nation-wide victory of the Korean revolution.

Our people will accomplish without fail this historic cause within our generation, rallied firmly around the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and under his wise leadership.

AMONG THE PEOPLE

The Story about Vinalon

Li Sung Gi

Until a short time ago the Ryonghung Plain was a wasteland overgrown with weeds. But today there stands the world's first-class vinalon factory, a monumental edifice in the era of the Workers' Party.

Built on a site of over 500,000 square metres, the factory is equipped with more than 15,000 large and small machines and apparatuses that we made entirely on our own designing and with our own technique.

The giant factory, proudly symbolizing the stamina of the resourceful and valorous people of this country, is now putting out large quantities of vinalon.

Whenever I look up at the factory, my thoughts turn to Comrade Premier who has enabled the Korean people to elevate the science of our country up to the world level, opened up for us scientists a broad avenue of scientific research and led us to a high eminence of science where we stand now.

Here I would like to write down only a few episodes about vinalon.

I think I should begin with the story ten years ago.

My memory of the national meeting of scientists held in Pyongyang on April 27, 1962 is still fresh.

In those days the U.S. imperialist murderers' bombing was most savage and malicious. On the morning I finished my breakfast before dawn and when there came a lull in the enemy's bombing I went to the Moranbong Underground Theatre, where the meeting was to be held.

It was my first national meeting held in the capital since my coming over to the northern half of the Republic I was so overwhelmed with joy that I could hardly calm down my excitement as I entered the meeting hall.

More I had the honour to take a seat on the platform side by side with Comrade Premier.

Though ten years have passed since then, my first impressions of Comrade Premier still remain vivid on my mind—his fine physique, his radiant face beaming with smiles all the time, his eloquent eyes gleaming with intelligence.

As the Supreme Commander he was busy personally commanding the army fighting the war, but he found time to attend the meeting from the first day to the last and listened attentively to many speakers at the meeting. Then he made a historic speech illuminating the path to be followed by the Korean scientists.

At the outset Comrade Premier referred to the aim of the meeting of scientists. He said that the meeting was called to mobilize the intellectuals of our country for the victory in the war and for preparations for the postwar rehabilitation and construction. Then he dwelt upon the tasks confronting the intellectuals of different branches at such a most important historic juncture, the intellectuals who constitute a great force and precious treasure of our country.

"Although there exist ample potentialities in our industry for the development 'of high polymer and organic synthetic industry, they are yet to be utilized to the fullest.

"In the post-liberation days, our technical personnel succeeded in making alcohol, nitric acid, etc., from carbide, the raw materials for which are electricity, anthracite and high-quality limestone that we can proudly say are abundant in our country. That was of course a big success. However, we should not be content with this... By all means we must set up processes for producing a series of high-grade organic synthetic goods."

.....

"...Our intellectuals in the fields of science and production technique and our prospective innovators and inventors, overcoming wartime difficulties, should devote all their energy, knowledge and experiences to the task of ensuring the rehabilitation and development of the people's economy after the war."

Every word of his speech deeply impressed me; it redoubled my confidence in victory in the war and made me feel a higher sense of pride in my work. When he finished his speech, it seemed as if the high eminence of science we were to scale before long loomed up before me like a light house.

Hearing the speech of Comrade Premier, I admired once again his revolutionary optimism and scientific foresight for the future.

The whole country was enveloped in flames, everything was reduced to heaps of ashes and the enemy was making a show of power, raving "The end of the North Korean regime is near." But our Comrade Premier believed all the more firmly in victory and was looking far more distant into the bright future of the fatherland.

In tackling anything, Comrade Premier has a scientific perspective of how it will develop and what results will come of it and while it is being done he already thinks of another job to be tackled next and takes measures for it.

As a matter of fact, arduous was the war against the armed invaders of 16 nations led by the vicious U.S. imperialists who had vaunted of themselves as being the "strongest in the world." But firmly confident of victory, he drew up plans and made preparations for the postwar rehabilitation and construction in the flames of war.

Comrade Premier did not see only today or tomorrow but had a long-range view and indicated the direction in which the science of our country should go.

Already at that time Comrade Premier wisely foresaw the future of the chemical industry of our country and clearly laid down the line of developing an independent chemical industry without relying on others.

Suppose in those days we had relied solely upon others under the plea of "this or that difficulty, it would have been utterly impossible for us to build such a splendid vinalon factory of the world's first class with such matchless machines and equipment produced at home as we see today.

Indeed, right the line set forth by Comrade Premier at that time, the line of developing an independent chemical industry based on the stand of *Juche*, was quite correct.

During a recess of the meeting, words came to me that Comrade Premier wished to see me. I went to the foyer where he was waiting for me.

He received me kindly and asked in detail about my health, work and life. Then he said:

"There are many things for our scientists to do. Let's do as much work as possible!"

"Certainly." I replied simply and made up my mind again and again to do my best, keeping his words deep in mind.

There was something I should have told him at that time But I failed to do so.

It happened during the time of the temporary retreat, the most trying period for the whole Party and the entire people.

On October 15, 1950, two months after my coming from Seoul over to the North, I, together with my research staff, set out on the retreat in an organised way.

Once we started difficulties popped up one after another.

My wife was in the eighth month of pregnancy. And we had our five small children including a three-year old baby. The going was very arduous.

In addition, enemy planes made frequent appearance roaring like hungry wolves.

Though we had just taken our first step in the long journey, the children soon began feeling exhausted from walking.

We, however, moved on northward at an accelerated pace, helping each other, with confidence in victory and without the slightest vacillation in spite of the difficulties with a single mind to follow the Party and the Leader. Moreover, we drew new strength from the profound care given by the Workers' Party which enabled the people to retreat in an organised way and provided also aid-goods even in those hard days. Thus we arrived at Yonpyong, Shinpa county, Ryanggang Province.

After an overnight stay there, we were just about to leave, when words came to me from the organization that I should spend another night and take a good rest. My seven family members remained behind.

Next morning. One of my research staff members who had left the place the previous day came back together with a peasant, bringing an oxcart.

My co-worker told me to the following effect:

Comrade Premier who had been showing special concern over the retreat of our research group heard that I was taking my little children in the way. He had the Shinpa county Party organization send an oxcart for our family, because he considered it would be better to carry children by cart over mountain paths rather than along the highway by a car. So my colleague came back with the oxcart sent by the county Party organisation.

What a great solicitude it is!

It was at a time when the whole Party and the entire people were going through the most severe trials. Comrade Premier was fully occupied with organizing the arduous retreat and mapping out a counter-offensive plan. At such a juncture he was thus deeply concerned about a scientist's personal safety! At the thought of his profound care, I felt a lump in my throat and tears of warm gratitude rolled down my cheeks.

Had I ever been shown so great and deep affection as this by anyone, any place? No, never!

Under such profound solicitude of Comrade Premier, we seven family members passed off without mishaps throughout the whole course of the arduous retreat.

Ever since then I had been anxiously waiting for an opportunity to express my gratitude to him for his immeasurable concern and solicitude.

But once I sat face to face with Comrade Premier, I was so charged with deep emotion that I could not tell him what I had intended.

When I returned from the scientists' meeting I plunged into the battle for carrying through his teachings with renewed hope and confidence in victory.

The flames kindled by Comrade Premier at that time in the heart of every one of us scientists began to flare up furiously like a prairie fire.

The members of our research group, keeping in mind that the research into vinalon was an honourable work of realizing the great plan of Comrade Premier, surmounted manifold difficulties in the work with a still higher sense of responsibility and pride than before.

We had no laboratory worth mentioning. Nor had we enough test tubes. Reagents, too, were insufficient. On top of this, there were several air raid alarms a day.

Nevertheless we did not stop our research work even for a moment.

One day. (I think it was around the beginning of June 1952.)

Suddenly a truck drove up in front of our laboratory at midnight.

Entering my room, the driver in dark-blue overall handed me a squarely folded paper. It was a letter, from a leading person. The letter read:

"Your experimental apparatuses and reagents this truck has brought are for you. Comrade Premier personally sent someone abroad to get these. I am sure you will be very pleased to hear that you find them useful..

My heart overjoyed. After reading the letter I ran out of the room to unload the things.

My research staff members, raising shouts of joy, rushed out and joined me, bustling about to bring down the loads from the truck.

After we carried all the packages into the room we began to unpack one by one carefully. While undoing one of the carefully wrapped experimental apparatuses, I fell into deep thought. The past events in South Korea came floating before my eyes.

In South Korea the wisdom and Comrade Kim Il Sung pointed to the bankruptcy of the Five-hopes of the resourceful Korean people are ruthlessly trampled underfoot by the U.S. imperialist wolves. Scientists are driven away like old shoes. One summer I had to suspend my research work because I could not get a piece of ice for experiment. How much I longed for the northern half of the Republic, then cursing the enemy—U.S. imperialists. All this came back to my mind as though it had been only yesterday.

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Historic Congress That Marked Important Event in Development of Our Party and Revolution

On the Occasion of the 12th Anniversary of the Third Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea

The Third Congress of our Party which was convened from April 23 to 29, 1956 under the personal guidance of the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung was a historic Congress of enormous significance which brought about a great revolutionary turn in the development of our revolution and Party construction.

The international position of our Party at the time was very complicated.

In those days, modern revisionism which raised its head in the international communist movement hampered the revolutionary struggle of the peoples for social and national liberation in every way, denying the role of the leading force of revolution and undermining the prestige, rejecting the class struggle and proletarian dictatorship and preaching class collaborations, giving up the struggle against imperialism and spreading illusions about imperialism. Thus it is throwing grave obstacles in the way of the development of the international revolutionary movement. Taking advantage of this, the imperialists with the U.S. imperialists as their ringleader were launching a large-scale "anti-communist" campaign and resorting to vicious schemes to disrupt the unity and cohesion of the international communist movement and the socialist camp.

In view of the then international circumstances, our Party laid down it as the bedrock of its foreign policy to defend the purity of Marxism-Leninism, and firmly adhere to the principles of proletarian internationalism, first of all, and, at the same time, safeguard the unity and cohesion of the socialist camp and the international communist movement, further strengthen friendship and solidarity with the new-born forces of Asia, Africa and Latin America, support and assist the anti-imperialist, national-liberation movement of the peoples in these regions and the revolutionary movement of the peoples of various countries and resolutely fight against the imperialist aggression and war machinations and for world peace and the progress of mankind.

A new phase was then created in the development of the revolution in our country.

Our Party was confronted with the urgent tasks of vigorously promoting revolution and construction on the basis of the already gained successes in further fortify the revolutionary base of the northern half of the Republic politically, economically and militarily. On the other hand, in South Korea the U.S. imperialists were pursuing the policies of colonial enslavement and national split more undisguisedly. Such being the situation, our Party was faced with the urgent task of frustrating the criminal move of the U.S. imperialists and rousing the entire Korean people to a nation-wide struggle for accomplishing the cause of the unification of the fatherland. In the meantime, taking advantage of the complicated situation, the anti-Party factional elements infected with flunkeyism towards the great powers and dogmatism, who were lurking in the Party, came out against our Party's original lines and policies based on *Juche*, and the modern revisionists who came to the fore in the international communist movement in those days also opposed in every way the line of our socialist revolution and socialist construction.

Such prevailing international and internal situation and the course of the development of the Korean revolution made it imperative, above anything else, to carry out in a more militant and more energetic way all the tasks of reinforcing our Party, the militant General Staff of our revolution organisationaly and ideologically, building up the ranks of our revolution more solidly and accelerating the nation-wide victory of the Korean revolution.

At the Third Congress of the Party, Comrade Kim Il Sung gave

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Comrade Kim Il Sung giving an on-the-spot guidance at the February 8 Vinalon Factory.

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I thought:

(I whose past is like this, now embraced in the bosom of the Republic, had the honour of receiving from Comrade Premier these precious experimental apparatuses and reagents. How good the fatherland is to me! How happy I am to have such Premier!)

Experimental apparatuses and reagents in scientific research are as precious as seeds in farming. But more precious was the lofty and profound idea of Comrade Premier embodied in them.

We research staff members were aflame with surging enthusiasm to repay the deep concern and meticulous care of Comrade Premier and our research work went on smoothly like water flowing out after obstacles are removed.

As the research work made rapid headway our morale soared higher from day to day and this served as a big power for overcoming all difficulties.

When sleep persistently pressed heavily on my eye-lids or my limbs seemed numb from fatigue, I told myself:

(Now the entire people are engaged in a life-and-death struggle. We are not mere scientists sitting in a laboratory immersed in research alone but are the soldiers of the Party and the Leader, who are dashing ahead to capture the fortress of science. With these weapons Comrade Premier has given us, we must smash the destructive science which the enemy of mankind is brandishing and occupy the height of science for the happiness of the people.

With this thought always in our minds, we overcame all difficulties and advanced step by step towards the height of science Comrade Premier had indicated.

Thanks to the correct policy of our Party for the development of an independent chemical industry and the wise leadership of Comrade Premier, we eventually succeeded in sending the first products of vinalon to the Industrial and Agricultural Exhibition in 1956.

Thus we scaled the first height indicated by Comrade Premier for the industrialization of the production of vinalon.

A short time later, I came up to Pyongyang with the report on our research and some trial products of vinalon.

The Presidium of the Party Central Committee on the initiative of Comrade Premier, was to hold a discussion on our research work.

I had the honour of presenting a report at the meeting.

Comrade Premier listened attentively to my report on the research work and explanations about the production processes of vinalon. He felt the vinalon fibre brought there and asked me about its production cost, use and quality in detail.

During a recess, too, Comrade Premier kept examining the trial products of vinalon carefully without rest. He was in deep thought for a while and then again asked me a number of detailed questions.

At that time I could read in his face the benevolent affection of a father, who always thinks about how to provide better clothes to his children.

I still remember what he said at the meeting:

"Like cotton, this vinalon fibre is agreeable to the masses of people. It can be woven into fabrics to produce various kinds of suit materials for both children and grown-ups.

How good it will be to provide it so as to have our children smartly dressed and see our women wear jackets!

The production of vinalon must be industrialized as soon as possible to provide fine clothes to the people.

Under the conditions of our country where the area under cultivation is limited and cotton does not grow well, we cannot allow ourselves to rely only on cotton in solving the question of clothing for the people.

As to the humus-pot transplanting method in cotton cultivation, the name itself has an untamiliar ring. In fact, it is a cumbersome work for the cotton growers, because it requires utmost carefulness in treating the seedling like a maid walking with a lighted candle up to the statue of Buddha.

The peasants work so hard for this, consuming much labour.

We must relieve as early as possible the peasants from such an arduous and careful work and produce for them fabrics more beautiful and durable with less cost than cotton.

That is why we must industrialize the production of vinalon and provide the people with beautiful and durable cloth in large quantities ...

Lastly, Comrade Premier once again emphasized at the meeting that the most important thing of all at present in view of the actual conditions of the country was the industrialization of production of vinalon whose raw materials are obtainable in abundance in our country, and, for this, research into a series of technical matters remaining unresolved in this field should be perfected as early as possible.

Indeed, he spared no time in discussing how to provide better clothing for the people and even during a very short recess he kept thinking about the matter.

At this time I understood more clearly than ever that he has a more profound knowledge of all spheres than anyone else because he always is deeply concerned about the people's life.

(The reminiscences were written in 1962)

(To be continued)

(Continued from Page 4)

an allround and profound answer to the fundamental problems raised by the revolutionary situation, thereby powerfully arousing the whole Party and the entire people to a grandiose struggle for the accomplishment of the revolutionary cause.

The Third Congress of our Party opened a new stage in the development of the revolution of the country by putting forth a clear prospect for socialist construction in the northern half and a programme of struggle.

The Congress of the Party confirmed the line of the Party Central Committee for building the foundations of socialism, defined the basic tasks and orientation for completing the laying of the foundations of socialism in the Five-Year Plan period and set forth programmatic tasks for different fields of socialist construction.

Comrade Kim Il Sung pointed to the basic direction of the Five-Year Plan as follows:

"We should further expand and develop the socialist sectors in all branches of the people's economy, push forward the building of the foundations for industrialization more vigorously, elevate the production of light industry and agriculture to a new level and steadily improve the material and cultural life of the people."

In particular, Comrade Kim Il Sung put forth the militant task of fulfilling in the Five-Year Plan period the general task for the building of the foundations of socialism by ensuring the priority growth of heavy industry while rapidly developing light industry and agriculture to lay the solid foundations of an independent national economy and complete the cooperative transformation of agriculture.

The line of our Party on setting the stage for building the foundations of socialism and laying the foundations for socialist industrialization and completing the socialist reorganization of production relations with concentrated efforts at this stage was an original line, which creatively applied Marxism-Leninism to the realities of our country and was the shortest cut to socialism from a backward position.

Thanks to the correct line set forth by Comrade Kim Il Sung for the building of the foundations of socialism, we could attain great success in the socialist revolution and socialist construction in a historically brief span of time after the war.

The building of the foundations of socialism in our country was by no means smooth sailing. It had to be carried out under difficult conditions in which the reactionary offensive of U.S. imperialism and its stooges and the machinations of the anti-Party elements within the Party came into the open and we were short of materials and funds. But our people under the wise leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung registered great achievements in socialist construction, breaking through the difficulties and trials in their way and, through this struggle, ushered in a new era of high tide in socialist construction and the great Chollima movement.

Thus, the socialist relations of production came to hold an undivided sway in town and country, the heavy and light industry bases with the machine-building industry as the core were created and the rural economy was likewise placed on a firm basis with the result that the historic task of completing the building of the foundations of socialism in the northern half set forth by the Third Party Congress was carried out victoriously and our country turned into a socialist industrial-agricultural state with the solid foundations of an independent national economy.

The Congress put forth concrete tasks for consolidating and developing the state and social system, further enhancing the leading role of the working class, strengthening the worker-peasant alliance still more and strengthening unity and co-operation with broad strata.

The functions and role of the organs of people's power were further elevated and a great change was brought about in the level of guidance and style of work of the functionaries through the struggle for thoroughly implementing the decisions of the Congress and a series of important measures of the Party for improving and strengthening the work of the state organs to suit the new, changed reality thereafter. This afforded an important guarantee for carrying to completion the building of the foundations of socialism in the northern half of the Republic and expediting the independent unification of the fatherland.

The Third Congress of the Party reclarified the basic principles for the unification of the fatherland consistently maintained by our Party, advanced new, concrete and practical measures and proposals for its realisation and adopted the Declaration of the Congress "For the Peaceful Unification of the Fatherland" and thus opened up a new phase in the struggle of our Party and people.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, putting forward concrete and realistic proposals for achieving the independent unification of the fatherland, suggested that for this the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops

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We Wish Comrade KIM IL SUNG Greater Successes in His Guidance of Anti-imperialist Struggle and Good Health and Long Life

(Continued from Page 1)

olution of the Korean people cannot be separated from the name of Comrade Kim Il Sung, so the history of anti-imperialist struggle of the Asian people and that of world peace movement cannot be separated from his name.

Premier Kim Il Sung is one of the great Leaders, he said and stressed: Comrade Kim Il Sung is the peerless patriot devoting his all to the people and a person striving for the interests of mankind as a whole. Then the speaker highly praized Comrade Kim Il Sung as a patriot, heroic leader and a trustful hero in the anti-imperialist struggle and for independence and peace.

In conclusion he said:

I sincerely wish Comrade Kim Il Sung, who is the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people and is respected by the progressive-minded people of the world, good health and long life. And I wish him greater successes in his work for the people and in his guidance of the anti-imperialist struggle and of the work for peace.

INDIA

A meeting held in Delhi on April 11 under tre sponsorship of the India-Korea Cultural Association also adopted a congratulatory message addressed to Premier Kim Il Sung.

Consul-General Li Jang Hwa of our country to India was invited to the meeting.

Addressing the meeting, Chairman of the Delhi City Committee of the All-India Peace Committee highly appreciated the revolutionary activities of Comrade Kim Il Sung and offered his felicitations to the outstanding Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, a world-famous hero.

He expressed his firm conviction that the Korean people would certainly beat off U.S. imperialism and unify their fatherland.

In his speech at the meeting, M.P. Shasua Bunoa said as follows:

Under the leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung Korea won victory over the U.S. and Japanese imperialists and has become a world-famous strong power, prosperous and developed, and thereby making the abolition of differences between big and small countries possible.

Saying that Korea is a pride of Asia he extended his congratulations to Comrade Kim Il Sung.

Then the Editor-in-Chief of the paper **Socialist Congressmen** took the floor. He said that Premier Kim Il Sung and his family fought for the freedom and independence of the fatherland.

Noting that Premier Kim Il Sung announced the Ten-Point Political Programme for concretising the idea of *Juche* in all fields of state activities, he stressed that the brilliant achievements scored by the Korean people over the past 20 years serve as a great example to the whole world.

Pointing out that the Democratic People's Republic of Korea is executing the foreign policy which is intimate to the friends and ruthless to the enemies, he extended his congratulations to the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

ALGERIA

On April 13, a gathering was held at the Lumumba Bereft Children's School in Algiers.

The gathering adopted a letter of the teaching staff and students of the Lumumba Bereft Children's School addressed to Premier Kim Il Sung.

Present at the gathering were responsible figures of the Ministry of War Veterans Affairs of Algeria and personages in the field of education. Also present there were students of this school as well as students of similar bereft children's schools in other areas.

Ambassador Yang Mun So, and staff members, of the Korean Embassy in Algiers were also invited there.

Declaring the meeting open, Narihan Nhue, Director of the Bureau in Charge of Bereft Children's Schools under the Ministry of War Veterans Affairs, spoke of the joy of celebrating at the Lumumba Bereft Children's School the 56th birthday of Premier Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the revolution. He stressed:

We are well aware that the brilliant history of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea owes to the sagacious leadership of Premier Kim Il Sung, the outstanding Leader who beat off Japanese imperialism and won victory over U.S. imperialism. Victory is always in store for the Korean people who are enjoying the leadership of Premier Kim Il Sung.

Noting that both the Korean and Algerian peoples fought against imperialism in the past, he expressed his firm conviction that the friendly relations between the peoples of the two countries would be further strengthened and developed in the joint struggle against imperialism.

After the meeting the students put on the stage a colourful performance they had prepared with their whole heart to celebrate the 56th birthday of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader.

From beginning to end the meeting and art performance proceeded in an atmosphere overflowing with the feeling of boundless respect and reverence for Premier Kim Il Sung.

THE CONGO (B)

Addressing the meeting held at the Friendship Association Among the Peoples, its chairman said that the celebration of the 56th birthday of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the sagacious Leader of the Korean people, was of particular significance and emphasised:

Premier Kim Il Sung is a leader of reputation for his own exploits and heroism and is a paragon of the greatest patriots and a true example of proletarian internationalism. Then he stressed:

Celebrating the 56th birthday of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the outstanding Leader of the 40 million Korean people, we Congolese people extend our warm felicitations to him, pay homage to him and sincerely wish him good health and long life.

CEYLON

The Ceylon-People's Korea Friendship Society opened a photo exhibition showing the revolutionary activities of Comrade Kim Il Sung at the Chollima Hall of Culture in Colombo on April 11.

Photos showing Mangyongdae dear to the hearts of the Korean people, the revolutionary family of Comrade Kim Il Sung and his revolutionary activities of 40 odd years are on display at the "standing photo exhibition on the revolutionary struggle and activities of Premier Kim Il Sung."

Addressing the opening ceremony of the photo exhibition Chandra Gunasekera, Vice-President of the Ceylon-People's Korea Friendship Society, said: Today we celebrate the 56th birthday of Comrade Kim Il Sung, a great revolutionary, anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. fighter, outstanding Leader of the international working class, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people and Premier of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

He stressed:

I regard it as a great happiness and honour to attend this ceremony, today, when not only the people of Ceylon but also all the peoples of the world fighting to liberate themselves from all oppression and suppression by imperialism, U.S. imperialism in particular, are celebrating his birthday.

In conclusion, he said that similar exhibition would be organized at many places according to the decision of his Society, to acquaint the Ceylonese population of all walks of life with the great leadership of Premier Kim Il Sung and his great contribution to the liberation struggle of the oppressed peoples of the world.

At the opening ceremony a congratulatory message addressed to Comrade Kim Il Sung was unanimously adopted amid the enthusiastic applause of the attendants.

MALI

A photo exhibition was recently held in Mali showing the revolutionary family of Comrade Kim Il Sung and the course of his brilliant revolutionary struggle.

ANGOLA

The Angola People's Liberation Movement organized a photo exhibition under the name of "The sagacity of the leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people."

JAPAN

A "gathering for the study of the Ten-Point Political Programme of the Government of the Republic in celebration of the 56th birthday of Premier Kim Il Sung" was held in Tokyo on April 11 with the attendance of Japanese personages of all walks of life.

At the gathering a congratulatory telegram addressed in the name of the Tokyo Metropolitan Council of the Japan-Korea Association to Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people and one of the outstanding leaders of the international communist and working-class movements, on his 56th birthday, was read out amid the warm applause of the entire attendants.

Critic Keijo Kawake, managing director of the Tokyo Metropolitan Council, gave a lecture on the subject: "On the Ten-Point Political Programme of the Government of the Republic and its international significance."

He said that this Political Programme reflects comprehensively the historical experiences gained by the Korean people under the outstanding leadership of Premier Kim Il Sung, the bright wisdom of the Korean people and their conviction in victory, and stressed:

This Political Programme contains in abundance not only the burning patriotic zeal and unbending revolutionary spirit of the Korean people but also the valuable experiences and creative theory of universal significance which the world revolutionary movement, the international working-class movement, the national-liberation movement and the international democratic movements including the peace movement should take for model.

This is not fortuitous. The Korean people have always played and are playing the vanguard role by waging active struggles against the imperialist aggressors and for defending *Juche* against the interference and pressure by the great power chauvinists in socialist construction. This course was a course of uncompromising, fierce struggles waged against the enemies in great difficulties.

The experiences accumulated through these struggles and theories stemming from them are making a great contribution to the world treasure-house of the Marxist-Leninist theories because they were systematized and generalized by the brilliant talent of Premier Kim Il Sung.

The participants in the gathering had a debate on the subject.

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and all other foreign troops be withdrawn from South Korea, first of all, and the military pacts and all other treacherous treaties concluded between the U.S. imperialists and their lackeys be abolished.

Inspired by the correct line on the South Korean revolution and the unification of the fatherland set forth by the Party Congress and the great achievements made in socialist construction in the northern half, the broad sections of people in South Korea rose up in a heroic struggle against the U.S. imperialists and their henchmen, overthrew the traitorous regime of Syngman Rhee, the stooge of U.S. imperialism, dealt telling blows at the policy of aggression pursued by the U.S. imperialists in Korea and, in the subsequent period, too, have carried on unremittingly massive struggle against the policies of aggression and plunder of the U.S. imperialists and their hirelings, for the North-South intercourse and the independent unification.

The Third Congress of the Party marked a new occasion in strengthening our Party organisationally and ideologically.

At the Congress, Comrade Kim Il Sung reviewed the successes and exploits made in the struggle for the consolidation of the Party in the past period and laid particular emphasis on defending the unity and cohesion of the Party like the apple of the eye by continuing to further intensify the struggle against factionalism and all other unsound ideological tendencies within and without the Party.

Comrade Kim Il Sung instructed as follows:

"We must firmly guard as the apple of the eye the unity and cohesion of the Party won in the struggles during the past period, in order to enhance in every way the leading role of our Party, the General Staff of the Korean revolution, and further improve its fighting capacity.

"We must thoroughly smash every scheme of the enemy for disrupting the Party, keep high vigilance against every foul element that may emerge within the Party and strike a ruthless blow at it."

At the Congress, proceeding from the revolutionary duty of our Party and the practical conditions of the development of our Party, Comrade Kim Il Sung put forward concrete tasks on the basis of a profound analysis of a number of questions of principle arising in the organizational leadership of the Party.

Comrade Kim Il Sung pointed out that the basic means of consolidating the Party and strengthening the unity of the Party ranks lay in improving the Party life and strengthening the Party spirit of it membership.

Along with this, he set forth before all Party members the tasks to establish revolutionary mass viewpoint, acquire revolutionary work method, give invariable priority to political work in close combination with economic work and do away with the subjective and formalistic style of work, so as to elevate the level of organizational leadership of the Party commensurate with the requirements of the revolutionary tasks.

Comrade Kim Il Sung instructed as follows:

"Political work of the Party and economic work are the two aspects of our revolutionary work and, at the same time, are an inseparable, integral whole. A close combination of them constitutes an important characteristic of the method of guidance and the fundamental work method of our Party."

At the Congress, particular attention was directed to improving the ideological work of the Party in the struggle for its consolidation.

The Congress laid stress on paying continuously great attention to thoroughly establishing *Juche* in the Party's ideological work, taking into consideration the huge revolutionary tasks confronting the Party, the actual conditions within and without and the demand and preparedness of the Party members and the masses.

Comrade Kim Il Sung taught:

"As for the ideological work, its main task, direction and content should duly be defined in conformity with the revolutionary tasks set forth in each period and at each stage of the development of the revolution in our country, and it should be conducted to suit the level of awareness and actual life of the broad masses."

The Congress also pointed out that mass political work should be improved so that the people may display activeness in the revolution and construction taking a high pride and honour in living under the socialist system and in building socialism, and wage a powerful struggle against all the outmoded ideological survivals and all the negative phenomena.

The lines and concrete tasks for consolidating the Party put forth at the Congress by Comrade Kim Il Sung, served as the programmatic guide to action in the struggle for further reinforcing the ranks of our Party organizationally and ideologically and safeguarding the unity and cohesion of the Party.

The Third Congress adopted the Party rules in line with the lawful demands of the development of our Party and the new contents of activities of the Party.

Indeed, the revolutionary lines and all the policies put forth at the Third Congress are the brilliant embodiment of the great idea of *Juche* of Comrade Kim Il Sung who solves all problems independently and creatively on the basis of a profound and scientific analysis of the obtaining internal and external situation; they are another eloquent evidence of the clear and scientific insight and seasoned leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung who grasps in good time the matured problems raised in the development of revolution, and solves them correctly.

Through actual life our people are firmly and deeply convinced that as long as they march ahead under the leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, they can overcome any storm and stress and capture any fortress.

We are now confronted with the militant tasks to build up steel-strong the revolutionary ranks politically and ideologically and raise higher the flame of great upsurge in the struggle for building the economy and defences in parallel, foil the frenzied new war machinations of U.S. imperialism and meet the great revolutionary event of the unification of the fatherland with full preparations.

Our people will carry out these historic tasks with credit under the wise leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, peerless patriot, national hero, ever-victorious iron-willed genius-commander and one of the outstanding leaders of the international communist and working-class movements.

World Revolutionary People Revere and Respect Comrade KIM IL SUNG, Great Leader of 40 Million Korean People, As One of Outstanding Leaders of International Communist and Working-Class Movements

For his immortal exploits performed for our Party and people, for his fidelity to the Marxist-Leninist revolutionary principles, for his resolute and thorough anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. stand and for his outstanding theoretical and practical contribution to the development of the international communist and world revolutionary movements, Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, is enjoying absolute trust and high respect of the revolutionary people of the whole world.

Today the world revolutionary people are admiring and revering Comrade Kim Il Sung, not only as the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people but also as one of the most prominent and outstanding leaders of the international communist and world revolutionary movements produced in the present era.

Below we print part of what foreigners and foreign papers said:

History of Anti-Japanese Armed Struggle Organised and Directed by Premier Kim Il Sung Is of Great Significance Not Only for Korean People But Also for Fighting Oppressed People of the World

HYAKURO HAYASHI, Member of the Japan-Korea Friendship National Mission:

The great Leader Premier Kim Il Sung, the Leader of the 40 million Korean people, is the symbol of the victory of the revolution.

For four generations the family of Premier Kim Il Sung fought for their fatherland. In particular, his family were burning with a desire to liberate the poor people subjected to humiliation and oppression.

A guest from Tanzania:

Successive generations of Premier Kim Il Sung's family were all revolutionaries and Premier Kim Il Sung is a great figure who came into the world for the sake of the revolution.

It is surprising, indeed, that the whole family, though living in penury, participated in the struggle for the revolution and the happiness of the Korean people. The history of the revolutionary activities of Premier Kim Il Sung is of great significance for the fighting oppressed people the world over.

M.H. BALUKU, a delegation member from Zambia:

World history contains many revolutionary exploits performed by the leaders of the people. But it is rarely the case that the whole family took part in the revolutionary activities for the independence and liberation of the fatherland as Premier Kim Il Sung's did. That is why Premier Kim Il Sung enjoys deep trust and respect from the entire people.

Burmese government organ ROKTABUTUNESING:

Premier Kim Il Sung personally led the guerrilla army. The anti-Japanese guerrilla army fought heroically for 15 years for the independence of the fatherland and the liberation of the nation surmounting many mani-fold difficulties and trials. Valuable revolutionary traditions were firmly established in the course of such struggle.

The glorious revolutionary traditions are an immensely priceless wealth guaranteeing the victory of the Korean revolution today. The historic victory of the national-liberation struggle of the Korean people was achieved thanks to the revolutionary traditions established by Premier Kim Il Sung and under his sagacious leadership. That is why the people express boundless gratitude to him.

SAADNA ABDEL KAYER, Deputy Secretary General of the Youth of the Algerian National Liberation Front:

All the victories attained by the Korean people have their roots in the great revolutionary traditions of the anti-Japanese armed struggle waged under the leadership of Premier Kim Il Sung. The victory of today is unthinkable apart from such revolutionary past and revolutionary traditions.

Premier Kim Il Sung, who started revolutionary activities in his early years, always led the Korean people to victory for more than 40 years breaking through many difficulties and obstacles standing in the van of the struggle.

HUYNH PHAN, leader of the delegation of the South Vietnam Liberation Trade Unions:

Premier Kim Il Sung ardently loved the country and the people and hated the enemy since his early years. He is a great Leader who waged the bloody struggle in the dark period of the Japanese imperialist rule for the liberation of the fatherland and finally achieved the country's liberation. The history of the revolutionary activities of Premier Kim Il Sung is of significance not only for the Korean people but also for the fighting oppressed people of the world and it is also of great significance particularly for our people who have risen up in the anti-U.S., national-salvation struggle for the unification and the complete independence of the fatherland.

All People are Studying History of Premier Kim Il Sung, Personifier of All Virtues

A guest from Lebanon said:

We learned why the Korean people revere and respect Comrade Kim Il Sung so deeply. Comrade Kim Il Sung is always in the midst of the people, thinks of them, and devotes his all for them. This made the people revere Comrade Kim Il Sung and unite around the Party.

W.A. WOOSTER, Secretary in Charge of Finance of the World Federation of Scientific Workers and Chairman of British Scientists' Association:

All people are making a concrete study of the history of Premier Kim Il Sung, personifier of all virtues.

Foreign visitors to this country (the D.P.R.K.) soon know that the reverence and love of the people for Premier Kim Il Sung are completely natural and are based on his great wisdom, sincerity and kindness.

Premier Kim Il Sung is possessed of the loftiest virtues which influence optimistically and energetically whomever he meets. By such lofty virtues and outstanding leadership he tackles knotty problems for the masses. At the same time, he judges correctly how to approach the reality and personally teaches the people in the reality. I learned that the great wisdom and sagacious leadership of Premier Kim Il Sung have an invincible might.

Independent Line of the Workers' Party of Korea under the Leadership of Premier Kim Il Sung Is the Policy of Making Strong Not Only Korean People But Also Working Class of the World and the Policy Inspiring People for Their Liberation Struggle

E.V. ELLIOT, representative of the Seamen's Union of Australia:

We came to know that the Workers' Party of Korea led by Premier Kim Il Sung is educating the people in the spirit of *Juche* in ideology, independence in politics, self-sustenance in the economy and self-defence in national defence. This is the policy of further strengthening the spirit of Chollima and the policy of further accelerating Korea's unification. This is also the policy of giving courage to the people and the policy which makes you have a great hope in the successes attained. Furthermore, this is the policy of making strong the Korean people as well as the working class of the world. We think it happy to have come to your country. We have learned much from the Korean people.

CORLOS TORRE FLORES, European correspondent of the Peruvian Revista De Latina America:

Premier Kim Il Sung is creatively applying Marxism-Leninism to the realities of Korea. The Koreans can say with a pride that their country is really the independent one. Korea is the economically independent state and is independent in politics and ideology, too.

The Korean people who attained such successes have the strength to defend their own fatherland. This is the great lesson we have learned in Korea. This inspires us for the liberation struggle.

Mexican journalist MARTA SOLIS:

Korea is the symbol of will and heroism in the revolutionary struggle in Asia, Africa and Latin America, and in particular, the symbol of anti-imperialist spirit.

The Korean people are ready to devote their all to hold fast to *Juche*. The road of independence the Korean people are traversing strikes us with admiration. This independence we have directly witnessed in Korea stems from the sagacious leadership and revolutionary principles of the Workers' Party of Korea and Premier Kim Il Sung. The Korean people are building an independent economy not relying on other countries and are maintaining independence in the political and military fields.

ABDULRU TALIB AMIN, member of government delegation of Iraqi Republic:

The Korean people armed firmly with the idea of *Juche* under the wise leadership of the Workers' Party of Korea headed by Premier Kim Il Sung are the vanguard detachment of democracy, socialism and freedom in the East.

They are the heroes of Asia. The revolutionary activities of Premier Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the Korean people, are a very fine textbook of patriotism, the spirit of self-sacrifice, and loyalty.

The younger generations of all countries must study his activities as a model they should follow in creating a free and happy life and as a beacon lighting up the road ahead of them.

Struggle of Korean People Who Are Marching Ahead Under Wise Guidance of Their Leader Is Greatest Model in Struggle of Mankind

An official of Iraqi Government:

The might of the Korean people who are advancing under the wise guidance of their leader commanding the absolute support and respect of the people, is indestructible. With no aggressive machination can imperialism break their might... The struggle of the Korean people for freedom and independence is the greatest model in the struggle of mankind.

JESUS MONTANE, Member of the Central Committee of the Cuban Communist Party and Minister of Communications:

The victory of the Korean people shows that if a people fight, under the wise leadership of the glorious Party and the leader, they will surely emerge triumphant, irrespective of the size of their territory and population and military equipment. The steadfast position, firm faith and bravery of the Korean people are model of all the peoples of the world.

LAZARE COULIBALY, General Auditor, Member of the Political Bureau of the Sudanese Union Party and Deputy General Secretary of the Mali Trade Unions, said in his letter addressed to the General Federation of Trade Unions of Korea after his return from the visit to Korea: Today the Democratic People's Republic of Korea has turned into a huge construction site of socialism, an industrial power with a powerful economy where science, technique, culture and art have reached an unprecedentedly high level of development and into a bright, happy and prosperous state thanks to the creative labour of the heroic Korean people who have risen upholding the well-advised leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great son of the Korean people, an indomitable fighter and a great builder of socialism. The example of the Korean people is the source of strength and courage to the African toiling folks who engage in their struggle against imperialism and racism and for the freedom of the African continent and national independence.

Cambodian Foreign Minister NORODOM PHURISSARA:

The victory of the Korean people shows the way all the peoples fighting against imperialism should follow. Premier Kim Il Sung is the incarnation of the indomitable will of the Korean people. The lesson Premier Kim Il Sung taught in his examples is that patriotism always overpowers any latest weapons. I express profound respect for and admiration at Premier Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people and hero.

History of Premier Kim Il Sung Is One of Most Beautiful Histories A Revolutionary Serving Cause of Socialism Can Write

FIDEL CASTRO, First-Secretary of the Central Committee of the Cuban Communist Party and Prime Minister of the Revolutionary Government of Cuba:

Comrade Kim Il Sung is one of the most outstanding, prominent, heroic socialist leaders of the present time. His history is one of the most beautiful histories a revolutionary serving the cause of socialism can write.

Pakistani Paper DAILY NEWS:

Premier Kim Il Sung is leading to victory the vigorous struggle of the 40 million Korean people for withdrawing the U.S. imperialist aggressors from South Korea and achieving the independent unification of their fatherland. Premier Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, is making a great contribution to the struggle for the unity of the socialist camp and the cohesion of the international communist movement. He is also contributing greatly to advancing the revolutionary cause of the peoples of the countries in Asia, Africa and Latin America for liberation and the consolidation of national independence.

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Korean People, Continuer of Brilliant Revolutionary Traditions of Anti-Japanese Armed Struggle, Are Fully Determined to Defend Their Revolutionary Gains and Realise Their Country's Unification

Cambodian and Algerian Publications Carry Articles on the Occasion of the 36th Anniversary of the Founding of the Anti-Japanese Guerrilla Army

Cambodian and Algerian papers widely carried articles dedicated to the 36th anniversary (April 25) of the founding of the glorious anti-Japanese guerrilla army by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people.

✦ The April 28 issue of the Cambodian paper **Sochivator** printed an article entitled "The Anti-Japanese Guerrilla Army of Korea," respectfully carrying the portrait of Comrade Kim Il Sung.

The paper wrote:

Today the Korean people, rallied closely around Premier Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, are vigorously marching ahead and winning great victories, upholding the Ten-Point Political Programme of the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea announced by him. "Let Us Embody More Thoroughly the Revolutionary Spirit of Independence, Self-Sustenance and Self-Defence in All Fields of State Activity" is the very lofty ideal elucidated by Premier Kim Il Sung. The entire people of Korea today are valiantly advancing along the only one road indicated by him, overcoming all sorts of trials in whatever circumstances.

The history of the very arduous and complex Korean revolution has been replete with victory and glory. This is attributable to the boundless fidelity of the Korean people who fight through fire and water to implement the instructions of the great Leader Premier Kim Il Sung, looking up to him.

Especially, the anti-Japanese guerrillas and people were immensely loyal to Premier Kim Il Sung, the Leader of the 40 million Korean people, at any place and at any time.

Only thanks to the wise and brilliant leadership of Premier Kim Il Sung, the anti-Japanese guerrilla army could defeat the Japanese imperialist aggressors and win victory.

Referring to the fact that Premier Kim Il Sung taught during the anti-Japanese armed struggle that the anti-Japanese guerrillas should always share life and death and joys and sorrows with the people for the sake of the fatherland and the nation, the paper stressed that the guerrillas won victory because they were true to this teaching of Premier Kim Il Sung.

In conclusion, the paper said that the Korean people are grandly celebrating the birthday of the anti-Japanese guerrilla army which falls on April 25, and noted that on this occasion the Cambodian people heartily wish the participants in the anti-Japanese guerrilla warfare and the entire Korean people greater successes in the defence of the fatherland and state construction.

✦ **The Algerian News Agency** published on April 25 an article on the occasion of the 36th birthday of the anti-Japanese guerrilla army.

Pointing out that the anti-Japanese guerrilla army, the first people's armed forces of Korea against the imperialists, was organised and the armed struggle started under the leadership of Premier Kim Il Sung in the spring of 1932, the article said:-

Thus, the 1930's marked a decisive turning-point which enabled the Korean people, who had been subjected to ill-treatment and contempt by the Japanese imperialists from 1910, to drive out of Korea the oppressors by force of arms and put an end to the history in which the resources of the country were plundered and the masses of the people suffered humiliation.

The armed struggle mounted higher day by day, and the Korean people eventually routed the Japanese imperialist army and won independence and freedom through a glorious 15-year-long anti-Japanese armed struggle.

Then it referred to the achievements that the Korean people, who have inherited the revolutionary traditions of the glorious anti-Japanese armed struggle, made in revolution and construction after the liberation.

It pointed to the fact that the Korean people under the leadership of their great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung defeated the aggressive forces of the U.S. imperialists and 15 of their satellite countries and won a great victory in the Fatherland Liberation War, and continued:

Today the U.S. imperialists are continuously committing grave acts of provocation to unleash another war in Korea.

Clear evidence of this is the intrusion of the U.S. armed spy ship "Pueblo" into the territorial waters of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea in January.

The Korean people who have taken over the great revolutionary traditions built up and glorious fighting experiences gained in the course of the struggle against the occupationists are now full of a firm resolve to defend their revolutionary gains, consolidate their independence and realise Korea's unification.

In their struggle to attain their just desire they are enjoying a powerful support from all the peace-loving peoples of the world.

The Algerian people who received the strong support of the Korean people during their national-liberation struggle and during the war against the aggression started by imperialism and the Israeli expansionists on June 5, 1967, once again express full support to the just cause of the fraternal Korean people and wish them new, brilliant success in the upbuilding of the country on the 36th birthday of the anti-Japanese guerrilla army.

The Algerian paper **El Moudjahid,** the Algerian radio and television also gave wide publicity to the article of the Algerian News Agency respectively.

✦ The recent issue of **La République** printed an article dedicated to the 36th birthday of the glorious anti-Japanese guerrilla army, carrying respectfully the portrait of Comrade Kim Il Sung.

The paper in its article stressed that Comrade Kim Il Sung personally organised the anti-Japanese guerrilla army, the first revolutionary armed forces of the Korean people, in 1932 and wrote:

By founding the anti-Japanese guerrilla army the Korean people who were maltreated by the Japanese imperialists and were at the crossroads of life or death came to have their first people's armed forces which could drive out of their country the oppressors by force of arms. The 1930's was a period of great, decisive turn in the struggle of the Korean people.

The paper referred to all victories and achievements which the Korean people who have inherited the brilliant revolutionary traditions of the anti-Japanese armed struggle gained under the leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung in revolution and construction and put special emphasis on the victory won by the Korean people in the struggle against the U.S. imperialist aggression.

✦ **Annas,** too, published an article on April 26 in honour of the 36th birthday of the anti-Japanese guerrilla army.

The paper carried, together with the article, a photograph showing a mass rally held on Kim Il Sung Square under which it wrote: "The Korean people, continuer of the great revolutionary traditions and experiences of the glorious struggle against the occupationists, now are more firmly resolved than ever to defend their revolutionary gains and consolidate independence.

(Continued from Page 7)

The U.A.R. paper AL GUMHURIA wrote:

The whole course of the activities of Comrade Kim Il Sung is a history of the protracted revolutionary and patriotic struggle against world imperialism... Premier Kim Il Sung, the vanguard fighter with a long history of struggle against world imperialism and the Leader of the militant Korean people, has accumulated important experiences conducive to the common struggle of the Asian, African and Latin-American peoples against world imperialism headed by U.S. imperialism, the common enemy.

TOKUMA UTSUNOMIYA, Lower House member of Japan, said:

Premier Kim Il Sung received us with a calm, soft, generous, broad-minded and friendly attitude. The appearance and words of Premier Kim Il Sung were very attractive. His words moved us greatly and at the same time had great persuasive power.

After we were received by him personally we came to feel it quite natural that the Korean people have such a respect, love and reverence for him. We deeply admired Premier Kim Il Sung as an outstanding leader with a sound vision, and one of the statesmen deserving the greatest attention whom the world produced after World War II.

PHY THIEN LAY, the leader of the delegation from the National Assembly of the Kingdom of Cambodia, said:

We can say without exaggeration that the Democratic People's Republic of Korea ranks among the countries which are most advanced in science and technology. We say that the rapid rehabilitation and construction in Korea were a miracle. But this miracle is peculiar to Korea. The real creator of this miracle is His Excellency Premier Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the Korean people. The Cambodian Government and people boundlessly respect him, the Leader of the Korean people. His destiny is at once the destiny of Korea. And the Cambodian Government and people voice from the bottom of their hearts deep admiration for the courage and activity of Premier Kim Il Sung and regard him as one of the greatest personalities in modern world history.

RAMON EPIRME, the Uruguayan Representative of the Permanent Secretariat of the Latin-American Students' Organization, said:

Premier Kim Il Sung clearly indicated the correct line of struggle to all the revolutionaries in our times. Today the prestige of Comrade Kim Il Sung has further risen among the people the world over, and all the revolutionaries cherish the feelings of boundless respect for and trust in him.

JAYAKODY, General Secretary of the Ceylon Journalists' Association and director of the editorial board of Lankadipa, said:

We were deeply moved by the news that Comrade Kim Il Sung won the approval ballots of 100 per cent of the electors. This is no wonder for those who know the history of Korea.

He is to the Korean people like Lenin of the Soviet Union.

CARLOS PARILLA, Permanent Representative of the Puerto Rican Movement for Independence in Havana, wrote in his telegram of greetings to Comrade Kim Il Sung:

The Puerto Rican Movement for Independence is fully convinced that you represent the purest feelings of all the revolutionaries of the world, which is expressed in the fact that you have not only brilliantly led your people to victory over the imperialists but founded and guided the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, a source of inspiration to all of us fighting in every nook and corner of the globe for the common cause.

SAM NUJOMA, President of the South West Africa People's Organisation, wrote in his letter to Comrade Kim Il Sung:

Your reappointment once again demonstrates the entire Korean people's absolute trust in and full support for the glorious, wise and correct leadership of Your Excellency which embodies the idea of *Juche* in the revolutionary struggle of the Korean people.

For all the successes made by the Korean people in their revolutionary struggle under your sagacious, correct guidance, you have won the highest respect and reverence from the 40 million Korean people as well as our people and all the revolutionary peoples of the world.

AHMED BENMEN-GOUDA, Organising Secretary of the Constantine Regional Union of the General Union of the Working People of Algeria:

When I met him, Premier Kim Il Sung impressed me as a very kind, simple and popular man and I considered him a leader of the people, a great Leader whose virtues alone are enough to become a model of leaders of the world. I wish heartily Premier Kim Il Sung good health and long life.

ALLIOU DEME, Procurator General of the Supreme Court of the Republic of Mali:

What impressed me most deeply during my inspection of various areas in Korea is the wise leadership of Premier Kim Il Sung. All functionaries I met spoke of the sagacious leadership of Premier Kim Il Sung everywhere I went. This is because he correctly grasps the intention of the people and leads them rightly.

Particularly, we felt keenly that the Korean people respect their Leader from the bottom of their hearts. I, along with the Korean people, wish Premier Kim Il Sung, the great patriot and outstanding Leader of the world revolution, good health and long life.

A Tanzanian paper said:

Today the peoples of various countries in the world look up to Premier Kim Il Sung, who is known as one of the outstanding leaders of the world for his revolutionary temper and heroism, as the respected and beloved Leader lighting up the road ahead of them like a big star, and wish him good health and long life.

Peoples of Various Countries in the World Today Look Up to Premier Kim Il Sung as the Respected and Beloved Leader Who Illumines the Road Ahead of Them Like a Big Star and Wish Him Good Health and Long Life

The Ceylonese paper NATION carried the portrait of Comrade Kim Il Sung with an article headlined "Premier Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the Korean people" written by the editor-in-chief of the paper.

The article wrote:

The name of Premier Kim Il Sung has become the symbol of unity and power of the heroic Korean people all over the land. He is boundlessly respected for he has always led the Korean people to victory in all struggles against the imperialists and the reactionaries for the past 40-odd years.

Premier Kim Il Sung has become one of the prominent leaders of the international communist and working-class movements for his rich experiences and extraordinary talents.

There are very few who can put out a treatise elucidating such a question concerning the lines as was advanced in Premier Kim Il Sung's "Let Us Intensify the Anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. Struggle." This treatise greatly inspires the struggle for national independence of the newborn independent states in Asia, Africa and Latin America.

The name of Premier Kim Il Sung who has made a contribution to the strengthening and development of the international communist movement and anti-imperialist, anti-U.S., national-liberation struggle, is another star that will shine forever in the communist world.

EDWARD S. NDLOV, Deputy National Secretary of the Zimbabwe African People's Union:

Words fail me to express the feeling of my respect for Premier Kim Il Sung, the bright sun of the world. So, I shout "Long live Marshal Kim Il Sung!" We regard it as a greatest honour to have an opportunity of meeting Comrade Kim Il Sung, who is one of the rare revolutionaries in our times.

Our Desire to Lead Happy Life in Bosom of Marshal KIM IL SUNG, Great Leader of the 40 Million Korean People, Will Certainly Be Realised

S. Korean People's Boundless Respect and Reverence for Respected and Beloved Leader Marshal KIM IL SUNG

Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people who is the peerless patriot, national hero, ever-victorious iron-willed genius-commander and one of the outstanding leaders of the international communist and working-class movements, has always led the Korean people to victory and glory, happiness and prosperity over 40-odd years from the time he set out on a revolutionary struggle in his early years up to present, shouldering the destinies of the fatherland and the nation upon himself and blazing the road ahead of the arduous Korean revolution.

It was thanks to Comrade Kim Il Sung that we could restore the fatherland from the colonial rule of Japanese imperialism and build it into a prospering and thriving socialist fatherland as we see today.

Indeed, all the victories and glory of our people and their happiness, prosperity and hope-filled morrow are unthinkable apart from the great revolutionary activity and wise leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung.

That is why the South Korean people, even under the cruel fascist suppression by U.S. imperialism and the Pak Jung Hi clique, are looking up to the respected and beloved Leader Premier Kim Il Sung, drawing immense courage and confidence from him and are waging a gallant struggle to bring earlier the day when they will lead a happy life in the bosom of the Republic directly enjoying his sagacious leadership.

The feeling of boundless respect and reverence for and trust in the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung cherished by the South Korean people is growing as the days go by.

"Marshal Kim Il Sung Is Great Leader of 40 Million Korean People. He Is Only Leader Who Can Represent Korea"

A South Korean resident who visited Japan wrote in his note:

"The Premier is indeed a selfless man for all the people. I was moved to tears when I saw him in the documentary film (put on the screen at the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan—Ed.) visiting factories and farm villages, shaking hands with workers and farmers, talking with them and discussing state affairs with peasants husking beans along with them.

"All my relatives and friends who heard my story about the North, said: 'That's how the government should be like. We can live well only under the leadership of Premier Kim Il Sung.'"

A South Korean youth who has recently been to Japan wrote in his note as follows:

"I came to find the road our nation should follow. I could form quite a clear idea of how good are the policy and the system of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea which brilliantly keep in bloom the pride of the nation and its proud traditions even in this far-off alien land. ...I was greatly moved to the depth of my heart when I came to know the realities of North Korea today which the world people call an earthly paradise—magnificent towns built on war debris, farm villages where every inch of land has turned into fertile soil and cultural facilities have been set up all over the country.

"No matter how good the social system may be, North Korea of today would be unthinkable if there were no Leader who leads the people along the correct road.

"I was deeply impressed by the great and wise leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung and came to regard it as the boundless pride to have him as the Leader of the 40 million Korean people."

Some time ago a South Korean worker shouted several times in broad daylight "Long live General Kim Il Sung in North Korea!" denouncing the ever intensified villainous policy of war pursued by the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique.

A South Korean intellectual shouted "Long live General Kim Il Sung!" "Long live the Democratic People's Republic of Korea!" before the people detained in the same prison with him and sang the "Song of the Red Flag" and waged a stubborn struggle against the puppet policemen pouncing upon him.

When relatives or friends gather together, the South Korean people, looking up to the northern half of the Republic, have heart-to-heart talks with each other.

"How good it would be, if the unification could be realised at an early date! We wish we could drive out the enemy who brings us misfortunes and live with complete peace of mind under the leadership of General Kim Il Sung."

"Premier Kim Il Sung is not only the great Leader of our 40 million people but also one of the outstanding leaders of the world peoples. We are very happy to have him as the Leader."

A South Korean resident said:

"Marshal Kim Il Sung is the only Leader in this world who fought wholeheartedly for the restoration of the country undergoing many hardships. Each time I think of the feats Premier Kim Il Sung has performed through his struggle, I am ever more convinced that the great and sagacious Premier is leading us. He is the only Leader who can represent the Korean people."

"We Feel National Pride in the Government of the Northern Half of the Republic"

A South Korean inhabitant wrote as follows:

"In the North everyone is free and equal and all trades are equally honourable. The government there is the best one and the Communists are the best people."

South Korean people say:

"The North is a rare world where no one worries about food and clothing and about his children's schooling and medical treatment, because Marshal Kim Il Sung administers the affairs of state well.

"It is our earnest desire to work even a single day at factories in the North where the well-arranged social insurance system has been introduced."

"It is said there are many jobs in the North. It is only in such a world that we can live."

"We feel national pride in the government of the North. We are proud of being Koreans."

South Korean people say:

"It is natural that work should go well and the people be united, for the Premier visits people one by one and takes meticulous care of them."

South Korean fishermen who had a chance of acquainting themselves with the realities of the northern half of the Republic say:

"Under the sagacious leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the northern half of the Republic has been converted into a powerful independent country; a progressive socialist system has been established and a firm independent economy built for the prosperity down through the age."

"Through photographs we could see Pyongyang of today and factories standing high in every city of the North. We came to know the fact that in the North all machines, big and small, are turned out by its own efforts and that the countryside has turned into a modern one where farming is done by machines. We clearly realised how great the ideas of independence and self-sustenance of Premier Kim Il Sung are and what is meant by self-reliance."

Saying that the root cause of all their misfortunes and sufferings is the occupation of South Korea by U.S. imperialism, a South Korean inhabitant says:

"Our nation is not a backward nation. The question lies in the facts that the political system of the South is bad and that the country remains divided. To eat well, live well and develop the country, it is necessary to unify the country relying on the nation's own forces as early as possible and establish a political system as seen in the North. I feel national pride over the fact that the aspiration of our nation has been realised in the North."

"No Force on Earth Can Hamper Our Struggle to Liberate South Korea and Unify the Country along the Path Indicated by the Leader"

The South Korean people who are subjected to the absence of all rights and poverty under the tyranny of U.S. imperialism and the Pak Jung Hi clique are resolved to come out bravely in the struggle for the unification of the fatherland in order to bring earlier the day when they will lead a new, hope-filled life under the leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people.

In his note, a South Korean inhabitant wrote as follows:

"Still vivid in my mind is the feature of my friend who fought resolutely against the policy of the U.S. imperialists dividing Korea into the North and the South. As soon as Korea was liberated on August 15, 1945 he said:

'We can now live under the leadership of General Kim Il Sung free from any humiliation...' During my stay in Japan, though short it was, I had a heart-to-heart talk with my friends and came to have a firm conviction that the unification of the fatherland can certainly be achieved on the strength of the 40 million Korean people."

A South Korean university professor who visited Japan at the invitation of a "learned society" of Japan, wrote in his note:

"Under the leadership of Premier Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of our nation, the people of the whole country are replete with a feeling of reverence and respect for him and the whole country is full of promised happiness and indestructible power.

"I came to realise that the profound affection of Premier Kim Il Sung and his teaching alone can serve as the firm compass and the beacon in my remaining years. We people in the South are awaiting the sagacious leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung. I regard it as the greatest honour to do my bit with all my devotion following the teaching of Marshal Kim Il Sung in order to advance the day when he, with his great and deep love for the compatriots, will dispel the dark clouds hanging over South Korea."

A South Korean inhabitant who crossed over to Japan said:

"The northern half of the Republic is a beacon of hope for our South Korean people languishing in darkness, for we know that the freedom and right and bountiful and animated life we are seeking are being splendidly materialised in the North. Convinced that the day will come when such government and system will be introduced without fail in South Korea, too, we fight surmounting all difficulties."

A South Korean youth wrote in his note:

"Marshal Kim Il Sung organised and guided the anti-Japanese armed struggle to regain the country and many of his comrades-in-arms fought shedding their blood and thereby brought about the happiness of today to the people in the North. But to my regret, our compatriots in South Korea are exploited under colonial subjugation and are uttering a cry of despair on the verge of starvation.

"But boiling water leaks out of the cloginner, changed into vapor, no matter how strongly one may give press to the lid of it. The more pressure one applies to it, the more powerfully it explodes."

A South Korean inhabitant said: "We can certainly emerge victorious if we march ahead, rallied closely around the great Leader Marshal Kim Il Sung."

A South Korean revolutionary said:

"No trial and rugged ridges can hamper the struggle of us who are marching ahead along the road indicated by Marshal Kim Il Sung to liberate South Korea and unify our dear fatherland. With no prison and scaffold can the enemy break our revolutionary constancy and with no two-fold and three-fold network of surveillance of army-men, policemen and special agents, can he hamper the revolutionary activities taking deep root in the masses."

The boundless respect and reverence for and trust in Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, are growing as the days go by.

The U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi clique fear, above all, the boundless respect and reverence for and trust in Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, growing among the South Korean people and are now desperately resorting to fascist oppression and "anti-communist" propaganda.

No matter what machinations the enemies may resort to, they cannot break the militant spirit of the South Korean people who are fighting to hasten the advent of the day when they will live in the unified fatherland directly enjoying the leadership of the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

The revolutionary struggle of the South Korean people who are equipping themselves with the great revolutionary ideas of Comrade Kim Il Sung and the brilliant revolutionary traditions of our Party will put an end to the colonial fascist rule of the U.S. imperialists and their stooges in South Korea. And the day is sure to come when the South Korean people will also lead a free and happy life under the wise leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people.

Kim Gwang Su

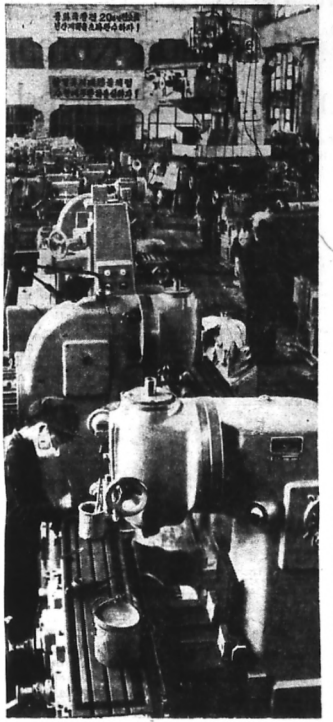
A S. Korean Civilian Fights Valorously in Prison, Longing for Northern Half of the Republic

The ardent longing for the northern half of the Republic daily prospering and developing under the leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, is surging more violently in the hearts of all the South Korean people.

Kim Baek Hyon, a resident of Taegu, North Kyongsang Province, made recently a speech lauding the northern half of the Republic" before "prisoners" in a ward of the Buchon prison of the puppets, according to a news agency report from Seoul.

On March 6, too, a young man called together a huge crowd in Yongdong, North Chungcheong Province, and made a speech "praising the northern half of the Republic," leaving a deep impress on the crowd. This is an indication of the daily mounting aspiration of the South Korean people to bring earlier the day when they will lead a happy life under the leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, by accelerating the unification of the fatherland.

WE ADVANCE, ADVANCE,



Upholding the great Ten-Point Political Programme of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the employees of the factory where Comrade Kim Jae Hung works are making continued innovations in production. Photo shows workers of the painting workshop of the factory topping their daily assignments twice or thrice

Great Innovation in Production

Marking May Day, international holiday of the working people of the world, the working people of our country are attaining still greater labour achievements in carrying through the Party's line of building the economy and defences in parallel.

1,000 H.P. Dredger Built

The shipbuilding workers of the shipyard where Comrade Choi Ju Sik works built a 1,000 h.p. dredger and launched it on May Day.

They built this modernly equipped large ship in a matter of one month by their own strength and technique. This success is attributable to the personal guidance and solicitude of Comrade Kim Il Sung.

Comrade Premier, giving on-the-spot guidance to the shipyard on September 2 last year, instructed that dredgers should be built for the improvement projects of harbours and rivers.

The workers who rose up taking to heart the instructions of the respected and beloved Leader resolved to build the large dredger "September 2" by May Day breaking through all obstacles and difficulties.

The workers of the ship materials workshop invented and applied in production an automatic welder and adopted a new work method displaying the revolutionary spirit of self-reliance and thereby completed in 15 days the work to be done in three months.

In the finishing workshop, too, the workers introduced over ten technical innovation proposals and wound up in only 15 days the work of distributing wires of 20,000 metres, thus accelerating the building of the dredger.

The youths of this shipyard are burning with the determination to defend the Party and the Leader with their lives and become the guard detachment and death-defying corps in implementing the revolutionary tasks assigned to them by the paternal Leader.

In memory of April 7 this year, an impressive day when they had an honour of meeting the respected and beloved Leader, they organised the "April 7 phoenix shock brigade" and took the lead in undertaking hard work.

The technical staff of the shipyard creatively solved technical problems to fit in with the realities of our country by highly displaying the idea of *Juche* of our Party and the revolutionary spirit of self-reliance. In this way the employees of this shipyard built the large-sized dredger in a short space of time and demonstrated once again the mettle of our heroic working class which never drops any difficult work without seeing it through at the call of the Party and the Leader.

Highest Level Since Commissioning

The workers of the thick plate workshop of the Hwanghae Iron Works, one of Korea's big metallurgical centres, are now vigorously unfolding a drive for increased

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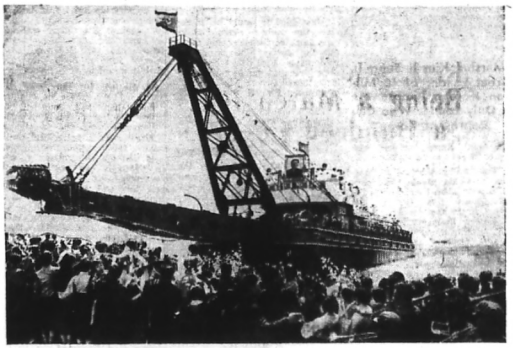

Large-sized 1,000 h.p. dredger "September 2" built by the workers of the shipyard where Comrade Choi Ju Sik works was launched on May 1

May Day Celebrated with Renewed Pledge to Forge Ahead towards New Victory

The working people in different parts of our country celebrated May Day significantly at a time when they were bringing about an ever higher revolutionary upsurge on all fronts of economic construction and defence upbuilding in wholehearted response to the decisions of the Conference of the Workers' Party of Korea, the great Ten-Point Political Programme of Comrade Kim Il Sung and the decisions of the recent 17th Plenum of the 4th Central Committee of the Party.

In Historic Mangyongdae

On this gala day, historic Mangyongdae where Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, was born and spent his childhood, bustled all day long with a great many visitors of Pyongyang. They are working people, youth and students who, upholding the teaching of the respected and beloved Leader that Pyongyang should become a model for the whole country in all aspects, are creating miracles and innovations at each post in a way befitting citizens of the capital of revolution.

Here in Mangyongdae, they had a good time, learning from the revolutionary ideas of the Leader.

At Recreation Grounds

Recreation grounds set up here and there in the city were crowded with holiday-makers—teammates from production workshops, those from residential quarters or other workers accompanied by their families. All their faces beamed with great happiness that they work and live in a most advanced socialist system free from exploitation and oppression. Indeed they were overflowing with a deep sense of unbounded gratitude to Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, who brought them this grateful system.

In the evening, working people enjoyed joyous soirees, art performances and boating, adding to the festive mood of the capital. The highlight of these colourful functions was the gala soiree of working people held at the Kim Il Sung Square in celebration of May Day. Among those at the soiree were seen proud Red workers from the Pyongyang Electric Locomotive Plant who scored signal successes in production and workers of the factory where Jin Chang Bu works who renewed their firm resolve to fulfil their yearly plan before the 20th anniversary of the founding of the Republic (September 9) and boost the output three-fold by the year-end as against last year.

All those gathered at the evening party were fully determined to work as much as possible and economise and produce more so as to drive out the U.S. imperialist aggressors, the sworn enemy, and bring earlier the day when the ill-clad and hunger-stricken South Korean people, too, like the people in the northern half of the Republic, will live happily in the warm bosom of the respected and beloved Leader.

At Stadiums

Meanwhile, at the Moranbong Stadium and other stadiums in the city, sports teams contested in different events dedicated to May Day that started on April 28. Sports games among the working people in Pyongyang also took place.

STRUGGLE AND ADVANCE

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production with a firm resolve to fulfil their assignments for this year which are set 25 per cent higher than last year, by September 9, the 20th anniversary of the founding of the Republic.

The exultant workers introduced into production more than ten proposals for technical innovation which contributed to boosting the production of iron plates. Meanwhile, they increased the per hour output of thick plate by over 80 per cent compared with the first quarter of the year. As a result, daily output there grew 2.5 times compared with last year, reaching the level envisaged by the end of the Seven-Year Plan. This is the highest level of production since the thick plate workshop went into operation.

Three-fold

Together with the working people all over the country, the workers of the factory where Comrade Kim Jae Hung works also celebrated the holiday of spring against a background of a great revolutionary upsurge. Upholding the instructions of the Leader on producing more machines of new type to further strengthen the economic and defence capacity of the country, the workers and technicians have risen up in a body for their implementation. They resolved to fulfil by September 9 their plan for this year set 13.1 per cent higher than last year and produce by the end of the year the equipment necessary for the setting up of another factory with almost the same capacity as their own. They are now putting their resolve into execution successfully.

Thus in February when they received the instruction of the respected and beloved Comrade Premier, they increased their output nearly two times over January. And in March they turned out as many goods as produced in two months of January and February. Thus they carried out the first quarterly year plan with credit. And in April they produced three times as many goods as put out in the corresponding period of last year.

With the honour and pride of being soldiers of the Leader, the machine-building workers here are continually effecting revolutionary upsurge, renewing their records every day and every month.

In this way the working class of our country are vigorously pushing ahead with economic construction and defence upbuilding saving every minute and every second to cope with the tense situation today caused by the incessant provocative acts of aggression by U.S. imperialism. And they are raising higher the flames of great revolutionary upsurge in production every hour and every day, making a continued advance and maintaining a strained and unrelaxing posture in their posts.

Bak Hae Chon

Korean garrison defending the outpost like an iron-wall

Red Soldiers, Each Being a Match for a Hundred Foes,

Stand Firm on the Defence Line of the Fatherland

Not long ago I visited the double Red Flag unit of the Korean People's Army to which Comrade Li Chang Gil belongs. The unit was reliably standing guard over the defence line of the fatherland.

Among the soldiers of the unit was Pfc. Kim Ha Myong who was taken to the execution ground by Yankee cutthroats in Sinchon at the time of the temporary retreat in the Fatherland Liberation War and had a narrow escape from the jaw of death and whose parents and brothers were all killed by the Yankee beasts.

He said:

"We will never lay down our arms before we completely wipe the U.S. imperialist aggressors off this land. We will annihilate the U.S. imperialist aggressors even if we die hundreds of millions of times and defend with our lives the Party Central Committee headed by Marshal Kim Il Sung as the anti-Japanese guerrillas did."

I cannot fully explain here how faithful to the revolution the defenders of the Party and the Leader are. They are revolutionary soldiers who are firmly guarding the defence line of the fatherland like an impregnable fortress.

All of them are sons and daughters of the workers and peasants who, deprived of their country by Japanese imperialism and fettered by capitalists and landlords, were ill-clad and hunger-stricken and were condemned to unbearable national humiliation and contempt. And they are Red guards and revolutionary soldiers who are standing guard over the defence line of the fatherland with arms in hand to defend with their lives the Party and the Leader that have brought them the freedom and happiness of today.

At this critical juncture when the war may break out at any moment in our land owing to the frantic war racket of U.S. imperialism and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, the soldiers of the double Red Flag unit here are in full combat readiness to wipe the enemy off this land once and for all and accomplish the revolutionary cause of the country's unification if he attacks us.

Impregnable is the defence line of the fatherland, because it is guarded by the true revolutionary soldiers of the Leader who are fully prepared politically and ideologically and militarily and technically, each being a match for a hundred foes.

Kim Gyu Dok

The Pyongyang Zoo draws an endless stream of visitors

Wretched Plight of S. Korean Workers

Recently the situation of South Korean workers has been worsened extremely. This is due to the intensified policy of aggression and war by the American imperialists and the fascist suppression by their stooges Pak Jung Hi puppet clique.

The militarization of the economy as part of the war policy has led to the closing down of the majority of industrial enterprises and the sharp increase of the jobless people.

Today 7 to 8 million unemployed and semi-unemployed accounting for two-thirds of the able-bodied population are tramping the streets in hunting for jobs.

The situation of even those in employment is no better than that of the unemployed. They drudge for starvation wages.

At present a South Korean worker gets a monthly average of 3,000 to 4,000 won as their pay. But the minimum monthly living cost of a family is close to 13,000 won.

This means that the wage of the South Korean workers accounts for one-third or one-quarter of their minimun living cost.

The wages of longshoremen and women workers are far below the average wage scale.

Under such situation the children of workers are obliged to shine shoes, collect refuses, and sell newspapers to earn a scanty living.

Workers toil like cattle under appalling working conditions for the starvation wages.

According to incomplete data published by the puppet authorities after its investigation of 407 enterprises in South Korea, workers are forced to work more than 12 hours a day at the majority of enterprises and workers are not allowed to have a rest during working hours at 38 per cent of enterprises.

The workers employed at the U.S. army organizations drudge 12 to 16 hours a day and longshoremen in particular 24 hours a day when they unload war supplies of the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops.

The South Korean workers are also forced upon highly intense labour.

The American imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique through their agents "guards" and "overseers" drive workers like a cattle and even apply fascist military discipline to them to enhance labour intensity.

Many puppet army officers or puppet policemen are stationed at the enterprises under the control of the puppet "government" to suppress the ever-mounting struggle of the workers and force upon them slave labour.

In factories there are no labour protection devices.

It is no wonder that labour accidents are taking place in succession. According to doctored figures published by the puppet authorities, the number of people killed and disabled in labour accidents increased 1.8 times and 2.5 times respectively the year before last compared with the previous year.

The South Korean workers are totally denied political rights. The workers are excluded from political life and have no organizations to defend their elementary democratic rights.

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Puppet "International Telegraph and Telephone Office" and Other Important Organs in the Heart of Seoul, South Korea, Showered with Handgrenades

The "international telegraph and telephone office" and other important puppet organs in the heart of Seoul were thrown into a terrible commotion on the night of April 30 by the shower of handgrenades and the U.S. imperialist aggressors and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, their stooges, are struck with extreme fear, according to a report from Seoul.

At around 09:30 that night, persons armed with handgrenades appeared in Sejong-ro and other places near the lair of traitor Pak Jung Hi and under the very nose of the puppet "government building" and attacked simultaneously the "international telegraph and telephone office" and other important puppet organs, throwing handgrenades and then disappeared.

The building and inside establishments of the "international telegraph and telephone office" were damaged and the international communications of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique were completely paralyzed for some time.

This was a patriotic struggle of the South Korean people who have risen up more energetically for smashing the U.S. imperialist occupationists and their stooges Pak Jung Hi traitors, holding high the banner of anti-U.S. and anti-puppet struggle.

The U.S. imperialist aggressors and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique who were showered with fire in the heart of Seoul were struck with extreme fear and held emergency meetings at the "Chongwadae" and the puppet defence ministry and kicked up the racket of proclaiming "No. 1 emergency alert order" in major cities of South Korea and issuing an "emergency alert order" to the puppet troops stationed in Seoul and Kyonggi Province.

The U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique are trying hard to bring the situation under control by threatening the people with frantic fascist suppression.

With no desperate machinations, however, can the enemy hold in check the struggle of the patriotic South Korean people or save themselves from the doom, to which they are destined by the severe punishment of the South Korean people.

U.S. Imperialism, Don't Forget Lesson of Dien Bien Phu!

On May 1954, the Vietnamese people cut the last windpipe of the French invaders in Dien Bien Phu and thus brought to a glorious victory the eight-year-long anti-French war of resistance.

This was a great victory of the wise political and military line of the Vietnam Workers' Party headed by President Ho Chi Minh and was a brilliant fruition of the heroic struggle waged by the Vietnamese people and People's Army.

This was also the common victory of all the oppressed peoples of the whole world fighting against imperialism and colonialism and for national independence and freedom and was a telling blow to the U.S. imperialists who attempted even open armed intervention while giving political, economic and military support and assistance to the French invaders.

Indeed, the victorious battle in Dien Bien Phu was not only a great event which added a brilliant glorious page to the annals of the anti-imperialist revolutionary struggle of the Vietnamese people but also a significant event which made a great contribution to the struggle of the oppressed people as a whole for freedom and national liberation.

It also showed once again that if the oppressed people rise like one man in a just struggle and fight bravely for freedom and liberation they can defeat any vicious imperialist aggressors and win victory.

Nevertheless, the U.S. imperialist aggressors, oblivious of this historic lesson, wormed their way into Vietnam in place of the French invaders and ignited a brigandish war of aggression against the Vietnamese people.

In an attempt to recover from the serious political and military setbacks they have sustained recently in Vietnam, the U.S. imperialists who have been conducting a criminal homicidal war there, are now in a frenzy to expand the aggressive war resorting to the threadbare "peace negotiations" hoax.

Today the U.S. imperialist aggressors are conducting an unprecedentedly barbarous bombing and bombardment on the territory of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam. In the vast areas of South Vietnam they are launching the largest-scale "military operations" ever known in the history of Vietnam war.

Through the successive war talks such as meetings of the "Seato Ministerial Council," "Anzus Ministerial Council," "Meeting of Foreign Ministers of the Seven Nations Participating in the Vietnam War" and "Honolulu talks," the war maniacs of U.S. imperialism headed by Johnson, the war boss, weaved a vicious plan to further escalate the aggressive war in Vietnam. Under this plan, they are planning to send more of their aggressive forces as well as of the forces of their satellite countries and puppets to Vietnam.

All this fact shows patently that the "peace negotiations" hoax the U.S. imperialists are clamouring about, is aimed at the further intensification of their aggressive war.

The Korean people, together with the world's revolutionary people, denounce in resolute terms this crafty farce of "peace negotiations" and the criminal scheme to expand the aggressive war in Vietnam behind the smokescreen of "peace negotiations."

With no deception and feverish war escalation can U.S. imperialism save the doom of their final defeat already sealed in the Vietnam war.

Today the North and South Vietnamese people are administering decisive blows to the U.S. imperialist aggressors and are enmeshing them deep into the inescapable pit of death, firmly taking the initiative of war in the sacred anti-U.S. patriotic struggle for liberating the South, defending the North and reunifying the fatherland.

With no homicidal war can the U.S. imperialists subdue the heroic Vietnamese people who have inherited the glorious traditions of the long-drawn struggle against foreign aggression and colonialism and the revolutionary spirit of Dien Bien Phu.

The heroic Vietnamese people have risen up as one in a just life-and-death struggle to wipe out the ferocious U.S. imperialist aggressors to the last man.

The Korean people who regard the struggle of the Vietnamese people as their own, will, in the future, too, as in the past, do their utmost to give active support to the just struggle of the Vietnamese people, their brothers and comrades-in-arms, and are fully prepared to annihilate the U.S. imperialist invaders, the common enemy.

The Korean people fully support the four-point stand of the Government of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam, the most just political basis for the solution of the Vietnam question, and the political programme of the South Vietnam National Front for Liberation.

The U.S. imperialists must take blood-stained hands off Vietnam at once.

On the 14th anniversary of the victorious battle in Dien Bien Phu, the Korean people, firmly determined to share life and death to the last with the Vietnamese brothers in the struggle against the U.S. imperialist aggressors, the common enemy, firmly believe that the fraternal Vietnamese people are sure to defeat the U.S. imperialist aggressors in the spirit in which they smashed the French invaders in Dien Bien Phu and win the final victory.

We Denounce U.S. Imperialist Aggressive Acts against Cambodia

According to the April 27 note of the Cambodian Foreign Ministry, the aircraft of the U.S. imperialists and the Saigon puppet clique intruded into the air space of Cambodia over Soai-Rieng Province for three days from March 29, and on April 1 and 26 and conducted bombing and strafing. And according to the April 30 note, the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops and the puppet army of South Vietnam made surprise attacks on the Takeo and Soai-Rieng Provinces of Cambodia on March 18 and April 17 and killed three Cambodians and injured many others.

In the meantime, the Thai puppet army intruded into the flatlanding Province of Cambodia on March 31 and April 2 and killed two Cambodians and wounded many others.

All these facts show clearly that of late the U.S. imperialists, despite the repeated warnings of Cambodia, have instigated the Saigon and Thai puppets further to intensify provocations against Cambodia.

Vicious provocations by the American imperialists and their stooges Saigon and Thai puppets against Cambodia are an infringement upon the sacred sovereignty of neutral Cambodia and an intolerable aggressive action against the peace-loving Cambodian people.

The Korean people denounce resolutely the U.S. imperialists and their lackeys for their criminal aggressive acts against Cambodia and actively support the firm position of the Royal Government of Cambodia to counter the repeated provocations of the enemy.

The American imperialists, regarding Cambodia's independent, anti-imperialist and peace-loving stand as a thorn in their flesh, have long carried out all sorts of insidious plots and perpetrated ceaselessly frantic aggressive acts against the Royal Government and people of Cambodia.

Particularly since the Royal Government of Cambodia severed diplomatic relations with the United States in May 1965 proceeding from the independent position, the criminal plots of the U.S. imperialists against Cambodia became more brazen-faced.

Having suffered irretrievable setbacks in South Vietnam, the American imperialists even cooked up an absurd pretext that the people's armed forces of South Vietnam have their "shelter" in the territory of Cambodia, and stepped up their acts of provocation rapidly, claiming openly the "right" to attack the Cambodian territory like a robber.

Of late planes of the U.S. imperialists were blown to pieces by the just self-defence measures of Cambodia when they intruded into the territorial air of Cambodia. Nevertheless, they, brazen-facedly talking about something like "counteraction," are threatening that they will sink the vessels of Cambodia or use "force."

Those aggressive acts once again reveal clearly the brigandish nature of the U.S. imperialist aggressors, the historically inveterate enemy of the Cambodian people.

The U.S. imperialists are actively enlisting in their acts of provocation against Cambodia the Saigon puppets and the Thai reactionaries as well as the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique of South Korea involved in the war of aggression in Vietnam.

Today the Royal Government and people of Cambodia are defending the sovereignty and dignity of the country resolutely striking back the provocations of the American imperialists and their stooges each time. They actively support the righteous struggle of the Vietnamese and Laotian peoples for freedom and independence and the just cause of the Korean people for forcing the U.S. imperialists out of South Korea and achieving the independent unification of their fatherland.

With whatever desperate machinations against Cambodia can the U.S. imperialists and their stooges never subdue the Cambodian people who are fighting in defence of national independence under the banner of anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle.

The American imperialists and their lackeys must stop all acts of provocation and aggression against Cambodia at once.

The brave Cambodian people under the leadership of Prince Norodom Sihanouk will defend to the end the independence and dignity of the country by strengthening the country's defence potential to provide against the provocations of the U.S. imperialists and their stooges.

Li Sok

(Continued from Page 11)

The appalling plight of the South Korean workers comes from the occupation of South Korea by the U.S. imperialists and their intensified policy of aggression and war and the fascist military dictatorship of their stooges Pak Jung Hi clique.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, said: **"As long as the U.S. imperialists keep occupying South Korea and our country remains partitioned, the Korean people cannot live in peace even for a moment and the people in South Korea cannot extricate themselves from the present miserable, hard plight."**

Today the South Korean workers are fighting bravely for driving out the U.S. imperialists from South Korea, overthrowing the puppet regime and achieving the unification of the fatherland.

The South Korean workers through their resolute struggle against the U.S. imperialists and their lackeys will surely gain the day when they will live under the leadership of the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung whom they can never forget awake or asleep and boundlessly revere. **Kim Pyong**

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